THE RACINE JOURNAL

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My Stock Consists in Part of

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TOO NUMEROUS TO MENTION.

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B. F WEEKS.

Racine, Sept. 26th, 1865. 39-tf

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LOTS in the newly surveyed grounds are now ready for sale. Apply to the Sexton, Doren Roberts, on the grounds.
A. L. PHILLIPS,
Chairman of Cemetery Committee.
Racine, August 16th, 1865—33-tf

WOOL WANTED.

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE will be paid by the subscriber, on Sixth street, three doors west of Wisconsin street.
Racine, July 8, 1865 D. C. WHITNEY.

RACINE JOURNAL.

VOLUME IX. RACINE, WIS., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1865. NUMBER 43.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN the GENERAL GROCERY BUSINESS W. H. WILLIAMS, under the firm name of E. J. WICKHAM & CO.
E. J. WICKHAM.
RACINE, Sept. 16, 1865. 38-1y

E. J. WICKHAM & Co.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND WILL BE CONSTANTLY receiving direct from NEW YORK, a very large Stock of

STAPLE GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Coffees, Teas, Syrups & Molasses,
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&c., &c.,

E. J. WICKHAM.
W. H. WILLIAMS.
RACINE, Sept., 16, 1865. 38-1y.

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39-1y.

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W. O. STILLMAN.
August 9, 1865.—33—tf.

RACINE

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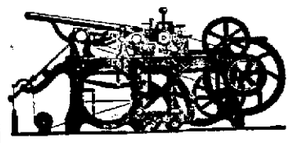

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Poetry.

MY SIRLOIN OF BEEF.

BY T. O'CONNS.

My kind hearted neighbbors, some sympathy spare me,
For sad is the story I have to relate,
Pray help me to bear like a martyr my trouble,
For keen is my sorrow and cruel my fate
That happened last night, as I lay in sweet slumber
Unconscious of mischief, I'll tell you in brief,
Some midnight marauder did enter my larder
And left me bewailing my sirloin of beef.

'Twas fresh from the market of Bolton & Elliott,
Whose meat is as tender as chick or young goose,
And oh, how I thought of the feast for the morrow,
For naught but the cooking was wanting for use.
But now, while I am droning it is sorrowful ditty,
'Tis filling the maw of some night-prowling thief,
Who, rather than work for his own lawful dinner,
Must pilfer my own well-earned sirloin of beef.

May his gastic refuse to perform its office,
His pillet be stopped by a splinter of bone,
His lips and his palate refuse to acknowledge
The savoury smack of the rich macaroone.
His bowels be troubled at noon, night and morning,
Nor powder or bolus ever give him relief,
Nor death e'er relieve him I'll conscience upbraid him
For stealing my beautiful sirloin of beef.

May furies pursue him wherever he wanders,
May hunger and want his companions still be;
His sun be o'ercast by foul crime's darkening shadows;
Disturbed be his slumbers on land or on sea.
May he wander like Cain, with a brand on his forehead,
But instead of murder, "A Midnight Thief,"
Till penitence prompts him to make restitution
For stealing my beautiful sirloin of beef.

Miscellany.

The Legend of the Teufelfels.

I could not make out precisely what the man was, who sat by me after dinner, smoking, in the balcony of the hale inn at Dummereselstein, on the Rhine. But I was sure he was an American. He seemed well "posted up" in all the history and antiquities of Rhineland. Our conversation turning on the strange tales that attach to the many castles on the rivers-side heights—to Liebenstein and Sternfels and the towers of the Cat, of the mouse.

"And of that ruin yonder," I said, as I pointed with the end of my cigar to Teufelfels, then just catching the first sight of the rising moon.

"Of that ruin yonder, down the stream, I know no legend at all; Murray does not mention it."

"Don't you, indeed?—Wal, now, I do;—a tale that licks any of you old legends all to smithereens."

Had I a mind so to do, I could not repeat the story in the words of the transatlantic narrator; and could I remember the words and terms of expression that gave it, in a literary point of view, a distinctly Columbian character, it would be impossible to convey on paper any idea of the tricks of pronunciation and grimace which gave zest to the recital.

The facts, however, in themselves, are sufficiently remarkable. Here is the sum and substance of them.

Some fifteen years ago my American friend had been sojourning, as now, at Dummereselstein. Business, or pleasure, or whatever his vocation in life might be, kept him there for some days. Of all the crowd of travellers of all nations who passed up and down the river, one party attracted more of his notice than the rest from the simple fact of his seeing them again and again. These consisted of an old French gentleman, his wife and daughter. Scarcely a day passed but they were to be seen walking through the streets of Dummereselstein. From inquiries made of a man who let donkeys, it was discovered that monsieur, madame, and madamoiselle occupied a diminutive cottage at Schwachkopfheim, and that madamoiselle was much addicted to sketching. Hour after hour she would sit in a boat moored in the river, or on a point of vantage on the hills, and transfer to her book by no means contemptible representations of the fair landscape round about.

At this time there was sojourning at Dummereselstein a young Englishman who had come with a friend to spend the vacation in "reading." Left by his companion alone in the little inn, he became by some favoring chance acquainted with the French family on the neighboring village. He fished madame's poodle out of the river, or somehow or other, never mind how, acquired the privilege of saluting not only monsieur and madame, but Mademoiselle into the bargain. And then all four made a long excursion together. And the Englishman might be seen more than once walking home late in the evening to Dummereselstein by the Schwachopfhem road, and it was alleged that he had dined with the old Frenchman.

On a certain afternoon the fair weather was broken by a very violent storm. It was all very well as far as appearance went from within. The river and the rocks and the woods looked sublime enough as the rain hissed over them, and the lightning lit up their recesses. But it was very uncomfortable to endure without.

"As I looked out of this balcony," said the narrator, "I thought that I'd a long sight rather be in than out. I could fancy some folks being skeered by the glare and the noise. One flas came right over the old tumbled w Teufelfels over there and I reckoned t must have been pretty nigh blowed n or blowed up,—what there was of it to blow. It was amazin grand."

While the storm was at its height, and the American was congratulating himself upon being safe and dry in the coffee-room of the inn, he saw the little old Frenchman and the young Englishman approach the same welcome asylum, both dripping wet, and half drowned in the pelting rain.

"You must of course stay here with me," he heard the latter say. "Mademoiselle is doubtless safe with madame. You must not think of returning tonight. Madame will understand how it is, and rest assured that you are here. I can supply you with dry clothes."

So the old gentleman supped at the *table d'hote* and retired early to rest as peaceful as possible during a temporary divorce of *mensa et thoro*. And the rain rattled and splashed, and the thunder pealed, and it was clear enough that he had done very wisely not to attempt the three miles walk along to the Schwachapfheim ferry.

The morning was cloudless and bright. The Englishman and Frenchman appeared together at breakfast, and were talking over the storm and the probable anxieties of madame and mademoiselle, when a waiter entered with a note, which he put in the hand of the Frenchman. As the little gentleman glanced at the subscription, he turned white, and his face fell. He tore open the envelope, read hurriedly through the letter, and led his young companion out of the room. What did it mean? And what could be more natural than the narrator should pick up the fallen envelope and read the address,—written thereon in a trembling female hand—"Mademoiselle Niboyet Hotel de l'Europe, Dummereselstein! Why should this arouse marks of trepidation and alarm in the old father's face? In five minutes a Noachian vehicle belonging to the inn was brought out,—the Englishman and the Frenchman jumped in, urging the driver to all possible speed, and clattered out of sight in the direction of Schwachkophfheim.

What had happened was, as was afterwards discovered, as follows: at three o'clock the previous afternoon Mademoiselle Niboyet had taken leave of her mother at Schwachkopfheim and started to meet her father at Dummereselstein, and return thence with him. The storm had come on.—Madame Niboyet felt assured that her daughter was detained with monsieur, and they preferred spending the night in Dummereselstein, to undertaking an hour's unpleasant journey in wind and wet. Adelaide, she surmised, if she had suffered from the drenching rain, would be put to bed and tended by the kindly hostess of the Hotel de l'Europe. So in the morning she wrote a little note to her daughter, and despatched with it a packet of clothes. It was at the sight of this note Niboyet *pere* trembled with dread Adelaide had left Swachkopfheim the previous evening. She had never arrived at Dummereselstein. What had become of her?

Her disappearance was the cause, of course, of terrible excitement. At first it was thought that she might have sought shelter from the tempest in one of the cottages that stood by the road side. But inquiry dispelled this hope. On the morning before the storm she had made an agreement with her father to meet him at Dummereselstein late in the afternoon. At about three o'clock, according to Madame Niboyet she had donned her hat and mantle, and said:

"My little mother, I shall be in delay for my father, if I do not hasten myself," and had set out with a very joyous face and gait. Madame remarked that she had her sketch book under her arm, and wondered at this because she would probably have no opportunity to use it. This was the last that had been seen of her. The cottagers along the road declared that they had not seen the missing girl go by; but they had not watched the path; the storm kept them close in doors.

Messengers were sent down the river almost as far as Seven Mountains, to see if any corpse had been washed ashore or any scraps of clothing been found that might give indications of poor Adelaide's fate. Even had no rewards been offered, the search would have been hearty and careful, for everybody had been more or less captivated by the young Frenchwoman's ways.—But in spite of money and in spite of love, nothing was achieved except failure. Nothing could be discovered.—The old father trudged backward and forward, and offered sums that would have been a little fortune to any of the Rhineland peasantry. The sorrowing mother was not seen, but everyone for her wees and everybody would have given much to bring back he lost girl, and with her the lost happiness. The young Englishman was peculiarly miserable. And it was remarked that he did not aid, though he did nothing to discourage the careful examination of the ground between his own and the French folk's dwelling. Behind Schwachkopfheim there is a little hill or knoll, separated by a running stream from the more precipitous height of Teufelfels. It is here that he was most often to be seen, looking horoughly miserable.

A fortnight went quickly by. No news was heard of Mademoiselle Adelaide. The Englishman's companion returned from Hollenbaden. The two opposed students started for Switzerland. The American's pleasure, or business, called him at the same time away from Dummereselstein, and on the very morning of his embarking on the Dusseldorf boat, he saw, he said, he bent and broken down figures of Monsieur and Madame Niboyet helped into the coupe of the diligence, their faces the very picture of grief and desolation—the little group of loungers round the starting vehicle standing respectfully silent.

"Well," said I, "this is a very melancholy story, but what has it got to do with Teufelfels? You promised me a legend of the ruin—and beyond the fact of your having seen it in a thunderstorm, you have said nothing about it. But was anything ever heard of Mademoiselle?"

"Guess you'll hear it all in time, stranger, if you'll wait till I am done. But my throat is dried up talking. Let us have a bottle of Schwachkopf heimer and then I'll get on with the legend."

Some five years after the events just recounted, my friend, it would seem, was at Dummereselstein again, and of course, at the Hotel de l'Europe. He saw one morning, at breakfast, an Englishman whose face he thought was familiar to him, seated by the side of a charming young lady, obviously and manifestly his bride.

"Adelaide Niboyet?"

"Out there, stranger; that wouldn't be a legend, would it?"

No. Adelaide was dark. The present young woman was fair. But it was Adelaide's young Englishman, traveling on his wedding tour. And he seemed to be a person in prosperous circumstances, for there was a carriage, and a courier, and a maid. After breakfast the lady retired, when the American accosted her lord. He recalled the circumstances which had occurred when they were last sojourning together under the same roof. He begged to enquire whether the Englishman had heard anything of the lost girl or her unfortunate parents.

With regard to Mademoiselle Adelaide, the Englishman was just going to put the same question to him. Monsieur and Madame Niboyet, the Englishman had heard on unimpeachable authority, were both dead. The old gentleman had survived the calamity about a year; his wife lingered in solitude for a few months longer, and then died too. Here the maid brought a message to her master, and retired.—The bride it appeared, was tired with her journey, and proposed to rest in her apartment for that morning. The American was projecting, he said, a walk in Schwackopf heim, and proposed that the Englishman should accompany him. This latter, it appeared, had already been once to the scene of the mysterious disappearance in the interval between his departure with his fellow student, and his return with his bride. An irresistable impulse attracted him to the fatal spot, and though he was tenderly attached to his new wife, he could not pass the place in which were enshrined the memories of an early and unfortunate attachment, without having to make new enquiries touching the still unknown fate of its hapless object. He was glad that his wife was indisposed to walk out on that particular morning, for he had said nothing to her about the old love, and her presence would only embarrass his movements.

The American now learned—what he had not known before—that on the day of the storm, it had been arranged between Adelaide and the Englishmen, that she should start, as though going to meet her father at Dummereselstein, but should betake herself to the wooded knoll behind Schwachkopfheim, and there meet him, who had now declared himself her lover. The other party to this contract had been unable to keep his promise, for he had fallen in by chance with Monsieur Niboyet, and that gentleman had held him fast, and insisted on his "walking home with Adelaide," to dinner.

Then came the storm. Adelaide, the Englishman had thought, as her father thought, must be safe with madame. The letter of the morning dispelled this illusion. It was at least clear why the Englishman had searched more diligently through the copses behind Schwachokf'heim, than on the high road to Dummereselstein.

The American and his companion wandered over the old ground and talked over the old story.

"I searched," the Englishman said, "every bit of this ground for the slightest trace of her having been here, and found nothing."

The American then proposed that for the sake of the view, they should clamber up the height of Teufelfels.—Half an hour's scramble brought them over the gully, and up to the very base of the ruined tower. Many masses of masonry were lying round,—showing that once the castle had been as capacious as it was strong. Now only one tower remained, and unto that there seemed no means of access. There was a great gift in the wall some twelve or fifteen feet above the ground, but nothing thereby to reach it. Part of a wall seemed once to have led up to the base of this opening, but that was now thrown down. Marks in the tower indicated where the party wall had met it, and the ground was littered by the fallen blocks of stone. The adventurers were bent on exploring the hidden interiors of the tower.

"I remember," said the Englishman, "inspecting this about a week after Adelaide Niboyet's disappearance, and thinking that if it had been less difficult of access, and she could have got into it, it might have afforded her shelter from the storm."

At last the American and his comrade hit on an expedient for making an entry. They conveyed with some exertion two long-felled pine trunks, that were lying not many yards off, to the foot of the tower, and succeeded in proping them in such a way against the masonry, that a skilful gymnast might reach the aperture in the wall. Somehow or other they both succeeded in clambering up to the ledge formed in the thick wall of the old tower. The floor inside they found to be nearly on a level with the cleft through which they had entered.

They turned round on achieving the ascent to survey the glorious prospect before them. Then they both stepped down on the heaps of stones that formed a floor.

Why did the Englishman start back with a sudden gesture of horror as they passed into the cavernous interior of the ruin? At what did he point in such horror-striken silence? Can there be a doubt?

Half concealed by a fragment of moss-covered stone, half sheltered by an arched recess in the wall, lay a whitening skeleton.—Round it were still some crumbling fragments of clothing. Long black hair still trailed from the staring skull.

Both discoverers gazed some time without uttering a word. The American was the first to break the spell, and to observe, that now one mystery was a mystery no longer. Adelaide Niboyet had evidently met her death in the tower of Teufelfels. But how had she got there? And by what hard case was it that none had heard the cries by which doubtless she sought to attract attention? The Englishman made no reply, but still gazed moodily on the corps; and the American thought he looked more earnestly where on the small bone of what was once an agile finger, there still shone a hoop of gold. The American was bent on discovering something that might give some clue to the unraveling of the further mystery of the existence of the skeleton in such a place. Presently he pounced on a treasure lying in a narrow cleft of the wall, close by the dead girl's right hand. This was the sketch-book—Stoutly bound in sound leather, and protected from the weather by the shelter of the stone, it was but little injured.

At sight of it the Englishman looked up, and with a white face and trembling lip, turned to aid in its examination. It was of large size, and contained many sheets of drawing paper—some of them showing signs of the more than common taste and ability of the owner. One of these latter fixed the attention of the discoverers in a moment. It was the outline of a drawing of the scene from the opening in the tower. Schwachkopfheim lay below in the foreground. Dummereselstein was just dashed in the background. The coloring had not yet been begun. The Englishman took it out of his companion's hand, and gazed at it with a sorrowful interest. The American then saw that there was writing on the other side. Yes, on the back of the drawing the poor girl, whose bones were bleaching there, had written her last will and wishes, and the brief recital of how it was that she lay there dying. The American declared he could remember almost the exact words but gave me the sense in his own translation.

"I have climbed up here to sketch," the dead girl said. "A storm has come on. The lightning had struck the tower. The wall which made a sort of staircase for my ascent is broken down. I could not get up. When I saw what had happened, I came back into the tower, and sat down close under the wall to seek shelter from the rain. A stone from the top of the wall fell on me, and struck me down. Then I must have been insensible for some time. When I awoke again it was dark. I was very cold and wet. I could not move for pain. I have been insensible again. When I opened my eyes again it was light. I have just strength enough to write this. I think I am going to die. God and the Holy Mary have pity upon me. Adieu! my father and my mother. Adieu! monsieur—(here there was no name). The very unhappy A. N."

Below this was written again, "I suffer much, night is coming again. A."

Near the bones were lying the tin box in which Mademoiselle Niboyet's colors had been packed—her watch, some trinkets, and a few coins. On closer examination, it was discovered that the left thigh-bone of the skeleton was broken. Did this illustrate Adelaide's being struck down by the fallen stone? Or had it been fractured since death? Probably, the Yankee guessed, the former. His theory was that Mademoiselle Niboyet had gone to meet her lover on the wooded hill: that finding he did not come, she had wandered on to Teufelfels—perhaps allured by the manifest beauty of the view to be seen thence—perhaps piqued at the Englishman's unpunctuality. She had mounted the steps made by the ruined walls, probably with little difficulty, and had set herself to work at her sketch. The storm had come on. The tower was struck soon after its commencement. She saw her hope of return cut off. While endeavoring to get cover from the rain, she had been dangerously hurt by a falling stone. If she had cried, no one had been near to hear. She lay, probably unable to crawl up to the opening in the wall, knowing that now that the stones by which she ascended were thrown down no one would dream of seeking for her in a place almost inaccessable to two strong men. So she died. What agonies she had endured would never be revealed in detail. But it might fairly be hoped that the injury and exposure she had sustained had so far accelerated her dissolution as to spare her the worst pangs of famine.

The two travelers returned pensive and awed, to make the necessary communications to the authorities of Dummereselstein. The Englishman started on the very night of the discovery for Coblentz, and the American had never seen him since.

"And that," said my friend, "is the Legend of Teufelfels, and if you know any sadder or stranger in your poetry books or guide-books, I'm whipped—and that's what no citizen of the great United States of America ever was or ever will be. Good night, stranger!" I mused in the night watches over the wild story of the hapless Adelaide. I could not drive her from my thoughts, but saw her under the cold wall dying in the wet, in the wind, and the anguish. I pictured to myself the slow grief of the poor old parents, and hoped that no unhappy consequences resulted to the Englishman and his bride.

I rose early in the morning, bent on a visit to the Schloss von Teufelfels, intending to visit the ruin and breakfast at Schwachkopfheim. I surmounted the crag on which the tower stands, and was amply repaid for my trouble by the glorious view. It is even better from this point, than from the river.—But, after all, it was not the view that I had come to see. It was the scene of poor Adelaide Niboyet's death. A thrill of romantic interest shot through me as I turned to inspect the hallowed stones. The tower is round, and about forty feet high; but so much is evident from below. I looked for the aperture thro' which Adelaide and her discoverers had entered the building. Strange to say, no such opening was visible. But some years had elapsed since the finding of the bones, and time had, no doubt, wrought more changes upon the crumbling edifice.

The breakfast at Schwachkopfheim was the perfection of a breakfast. The milk the richest—the butter the freshest—the bread the whitest—the strawberries the sweetest—the Schwachkopfheimer the rarest.

It was late in the afternoon when I walked into the Hotel de l'Europe at Dummereselstein.

"Where," I said, "is the gentleman who was with me last evening?"

"The English gentleman, sir?"

"Yes," I said. (There was no use in explaining that all who talk English are not English.) The gentleman who has been here so often before."

"If mein herr means the English gentleman who was sitting in the balcony last night, he left this morning by the ten o'clock boat. But he has never been here before. Not in my time; and I've been here—boy and waiter—for eighteen years."

"Him—indeed. The gentleman was telling me the strange legend of Teufelfels."

"Ah! yes—about the ghost of the monk who was murdered by the baron?"

"Not all;—about the young French lady who was lost."

"The young French lady who was lost?"

"Yes. Don't you know the story?—Mademoiselle Niboyet?"

"No, mein herr; never heard a word of it."

It was strange that there should be no opening in the wall of Teufelfels tower—strange that a waiter who had lived in Dummereselstein eighteen years should never have heard of Adelaide Niboyet, and never have seen my Yankee friend before.

One thing at least was clear enough. He had told me a story as good as any to be found in the guide-books, and I have say as true.

Reading for the Young.

The Sponge, and what it is.

"What is sponge made of?" said Georgie, gasping, snuffing, and winking under his Croton bath. No one near could tell him; and the maid suggested that he "didn't be askin' such foolish questions, but just be still and get washt;" and so the matter ended.

Now listen, little Georgie, and I will tell you what a sponge is.

The very sponge that washes your face was brought up from the bottom of the ocean, and was a part of a living animal. For a long time sponges were supposed to be plants. Messrs. Agassiz and Gould, in 1848, called them so; but later observations have decided them to be animals; and they are placed in the class most resembling plants.

When first found in the water, their appearance is very different from this which you now see. This is the skeleton only, the part corresponding to our bones. When this was a complete living thing, deep down under the ocean, it was covered all over the outside, and filled in every one of these little holes with a soft substance, something like the white of an egg, and this was like our flesh. It was fastened tightly to a rock; and its color was a bluish black on the upper side, and a dirty white below. It was formerly supposed to be a plant, because it was always fast in one place; but, for other reasons it is decidedly an animal. All through this mass is a circulation, like our blood and food. It has been seen to absorb nutritious matter—that is, to eat, or, rather, to drink. You see all over its surface orifices or holes; these communicate with each other all throughout. Into the largest of these, called *pores*, the sea-water is constantly entering, and out of the small ones called *cents*, it is regularly spouted out; and it doubtless finds in this sea-water minute animals which serve it for food, and increase its bulk.

And this strange animal produces others like itself—I will tell you how.

From the soft part a little globule is seen to float off, and, after moving about a while very briskly, here and there, as if looking for a place, it fastens itself to some rock. Next, gradually, begins to be seen the more solid skeleton (what we have here); the soft part increases, and so it grows; not very slow, either—for the divers find it, at the end of three years, large enough to bring away.

To get these sponges from the bottom of the ocean furnishes occupation for a great number of people. One thousand men are busy in the Ottoman archipelago alone; and thousands, besides, with many hundred boats are engaged in the gulf of Machri, on the Barbary coast and elsewhere; so that in many villages there, from May to September, the best diving-time, only old men, women, and children can be found.

The finest kind is brought from the Ægean sea. At daylight there, in the summer-time, when the weather is pleasant—for it requires smooth water—the boats each with six or eight men and one pair of oars, will leave the shore and proceed to where the water is eight or ten, or even thirty, fathoms deep; for those found in shallow water are very inferior.

Here they stop, and the divers prepare to descend. Each one puts a hoop around his neck, and to this fastens a bag, in which the sponges are put as they are gathered. In very deep water the diver uses a rope with a heavy stone to it. He sinks the stone to the spot he intends to reach, and thus it holds the rope steady, which he uses to assist himself in coming up again to the surface.

After being busy thus till noon, they return to some of those pleasant little nooks which abound on the shore of the Archipelago, to prepare what they have gathered fit for sale.

The first thing is to press out the soft part of the animal, and then to bleach the remainder in the sun; so they beat and stamp on them, and trample them till there is no more life left. The skeleton part is then washed, and spread in the sun until it is quite clean, and grows to be this dull, yellowish color; then it is packed in bags and sent to market for sale—sent to all parts of Asia, Europe and America, and used mostly for washing purposes.

Little Georgie's mother, seeing a very nice piece, bought it for *his* use; and I think he will value her gift and look on it with more pleasure, since he knows now what it is and where it came from.

☞ The recent bull fights in Spain have been attended with numerous accidents, in which the most eminent of the toreadors have been the sufferers. Last week, the son of Cuchares, whose first performance displayed extraordinary skill and intrepidity, was severely gored by a bull at Seville. Cuchares, who was present as a spectator, trembled while his son was in danger, and afterwards severely reprimanded him for his rashness. El Taio, one of the most popular toreadors in Spain, has also been hurt at Salamanca, but not dangerously. At the recent bull fights in southern France the persons wounded were not the toreadors, but spectators

Bully for the Bulls all persons that put themselves on a level with the brute ought to receive brutal treatment.

MARRIAGE.—If you are in a house and hear a baby cry it is a sign of marriage—or if it isn't it had ought to be.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISING	3 w	5 w	8 w	3 m	6 m	1 y
Quarter	$ [illegible]	$ 3 00	$ 3 00	4 00	8 00	[illegible]
Squares	2 50	3 50	4 50	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Column	5 00	6 00	9 00	12 00	18 00	40 00
Column	8 00	10 00	13 00	15 00	25 00	60 00
Column	12 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	35 00	100 00

☞ Advertisements not marked for a specified time will be continued and charged accordingly.

☞ Yearly advertisers will be limited to advertisements pertaining to their business. All other notices will be charged at the regular rates.

☞ Leaded notices to be charged 50 per cent. over the above named rates.

☞ Excess of advertisements inserted will be charged proportionally to the number of squares bargained for.

☞ Legal advertisements inserted at the expense of the Attorneys ordering them, and not delayable for legal proceeding, but collectable at our usual time.

Racine Journal.

WM. L. UTLEY, Editor.

RACINE, OCT. 25th, 1865.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor.....GEN. LUCIUS FAIRCHILD.
Of Dane County.

For Lieut. Governor.....WYMAN SPOONER,
[Of Walworth County.]

For Secretary of State.....GEN. THOS. S. ALLEN,
Of Iowa County.

For Treasurer.....WILLIAM E. SMITH,
Of Dodge County.

For Attorney General.....COL. CHAS. E. GILL,
Of Jefferson County.

For Bank Comptroller.....COL. JEREMIAH M. RUSK,
Of Vernon County.

For State Superintendent.....COL. JOHN G. McMYNN,
Of Racine County.

For State Prison Commissioner.....HENRY CORDIER,
Of Winnebago County.

Past Finding Out.

The ways of Providence are said to be mysterious and past finding out. This is no doubt the case to some extent, but not altogether so. The hand of Providence can be seen clearly in many things by those who watch with patience the signs of the times around them. Is there anyone so stupid as not to see that this terrible war was wisely ordered for the purpose of bringing about a great and glorious result, (it is a fact whether he sees it or not,) and that it will prove to be a great blessing to millions unborn? We are aware that the human mind cannot reconcile it with goodness that it should be necessary to have so much suffering and so much bloodshed in order to lay the foundation for the permanent happiness of future generations. We confess, that although we believe that the whole thing has been controlled throughout by an Allwise and an Almighty Hand, we are entirely unable to give any reason why it was necessary or why it pleased God that it should be done in the manner which has been adopted. Neither can we tell why it was necessary for God to send his own son into the world, to suffer and die that the world might be made better and finally saved. It pleased God to do it in that way, and we very much doubt whether we have any right to question his reason or motives in doing as he did. The blood that has been shed during this war was very precious, but not more so than the blood that was shed for the whole world. All the blessings that we enjoy over and above the heathen have come down to us through tribulation and sorrow; we should not only be resigned to our duty, but also very cowardly, if we refused to come up to the help of the Lord in this, our generation. The great work of progress is still going on in the world, whether men will or not. God chooses his own means, and the end is sure and certain.—Therefore, while we show that the ways of Providence are not altogether beyond the understanding of man, we are compelled to confess that the ways of our Government are. They are so to us, at least. We are unable to understand why our government is spending so much time and money in torturing that poor, spiritless, cowardly, ignorant foreigner, Wirz, who has simply been a tool in the hands of the arch traitors and fiends who have urged him on in his hellish work. Did he have full control of all the prisoners at Andersonville, and the privilege of perpetrating all those diabolical outrages that are laid to his charge? If so, who gave it to him? He was simply a captain and stood very low in the scale of power—in short he could do nothing except such things as he was directed to do by his superior officers. He was, no doubt, a brute, and that was the reason why he was selected to do the damnable work he performed: he had no control over the provisions, neither in kind or amount. If he had been ordered by his superior officers to see that the prisoners were kindly cared for, he would not have dared to pervert that order; such cringing cowards as he, are not made of the stuff to do that; the material in him is just the stuff for executing brutal orders where there is no danger in executing them, and yet our government has been torturing this unimportant, insignificant thing for weeks and months, while many of those who ordered him in his hellish work, have, no doubt been pardoned, and the great head and front of all the cruelty. Those that had full power over every department—men upon whose order alone prisoners could be starved and kept under guard, to be sure, but we are told that they are fed upon all the luxuries that Baltimore and Norfolk affords.

We are told by some that the trial of this feeble wretch is prolonged for the purpose of showing the world the wretched inhumanity of our Southern brethren. If that is the case, why do they not commence at once at the head and front of all this cruelty.—There would be some show of spirit in trying Jeff. Davis. His trial would have some weight in the world. It seems to us that they ought to put this wretched creature, Wirz, out of his misery at once. And open up a trial, that will show to the world that the United States has the power and the will to deal with criminals of a higher grade, than a poor, timid foreigner.

Now we suppose there is no doubt but what the Government is acting wisely, only we can't see it. So far as the mystery is concerned, it beats Providence two to one.

☞ He answered them nothing. And the chief priests accused him of many things, but he answered nothing. And Pilate asked him again, answerest thou nothing? Behold how many things they witness against thee; but he answered nothing."—*Luke.*

The Democrats are making a great howl because Gen. Fairchilds refuses to answer the silly questions that are put to him by crafty politicians. Why, you poor, graceless creatures, don't you know that Gen. Fairchilds is not the first good man that has refused to answer cunningly devised questions that were put by a sett of canting hypocritical knaves for the express purpose of drawing out answers, the meaning which might be perverted and so distorted as to be used as evidence (with the rabble,) against him. Gentlemen, that game of asking questions simply for the sake of getting answers to find fault with, was played out eighteen hundred years ago. Search the Scriptures.

AMERICANS ABROAD.—It is said there are fifty thousand Americans of fortune abroad. If their individual foreign country costs each $2 an day, one hundred millions of dollars per year are expended by these pleasure and health seekers.

Showing how we got Took Down on Great Pretentions.

A few days since we were sitting in our sanctum with our mind in a somewhat sombre hue, in consequence of the instability of those we employ to do our work, thinking that, perhaps, times might change some time, so that their independence would be modified a little, to say the least. We were aroused from this unpleasant train of reflection by a hard knock on our sanctum door, whereupon we, in thunder tones, gave the mysterious rapper orders to advance. The door opened cautiously, and we discovered in the dark hall the figure of a man, the outlines of whose broad, open, honest countenance disclosed to us his Teutonic origin. He held in his hand a mysterious bundle. We bid him advance in our best military accent. He came forward timidly, as though he was suitably impressed with the magnitude of the man into whose presence he was advancing.

He opened communications by enquiring, "Do you Mr. Otley?" We replied in the affirmative. "You brint some tings here," We told him yes. "You brint every tings so goot as every body else can nicht do it?" "Yes," we told him, we were the premium job printer. "You brint der city co nell?" "Yes," we told him, we were the city printer "Das ish goot; dies ish der blace, den," he replied, and commenced unrolling his bundle, which we soon discovered to be two large pieces of cloth, the one blue and white figured, the other plain white. After spreading them out before us, he said, putting his finger on the blue and white calico: "Das ish right. You brints der odder shoust like dies ven." We told him that we did not print on cloth. "Vas ish das you say? You can nicht gloth brint?" No, we told him, that was calico, and that we did not brint calico. "Vell, den, ven you pees der brennum brinter, and der jest job brinter, and der city brinter, and you can nicht like das brint?" No, we told him, we could not print blue cloth. "Vat, you can not blue gloth brint? Mein Gott in himmel! Mein vrau can you beat. Mein vrau can blue gloth brint mit der dyepot shoust like dies, mit der white spots nicht?"

Rolling up his cloth, he started for the door, his countenance in limning the supreme disgust he entertained for our pretentions as a first class printer. Before he closed the door he turned and gave us a withering look of contempt, and said, "You shoust better your sign take down," and left us to reflect upon the uncertainty of great pretentions.

BE MORE CAREFUL.—Many persons wonder why letters fail to reach their destination, and are apt to blame Uncle Sam or his servants, when the truth is, the writers themselves are at fault. Mr. Tipley, our postmaster, furnished us the instances in a single day—and every day's experience is about the same—where letters were detained, and will be sent to the dead letter office, while others, whose addresses—perfect enigmas—had to be studied out and forwarded to such places as were thought to be their proper destination.

For instance, the following letters were received: E. A. Miller, no stamp; Asper Nelson, no stamp; Provident Life Ins. & Invest ment Co., no stamp; P. Hansen, no stamp; Frank G. Smith, no stamp; Dr. T. L. Hubbard, revenue stamp; Gartner Aunesen, revenue stamp; Francis L. Holden, no post office, county or state.

These letters were received for mailing directed to:

Brinton	should be	Burlington.
Belivan	" "	Delevan.
Punlak	" "	Pine Lake
Rocilan	" "	Rock Island.
Eckorn	" "	Elkhorn.
Sentluis	" "	St. Louis.
Prorredochin	" "	Prairie du Chien.
Milwozee	" "	Milwaukee.
Anacenda	" "	Waucenda.
Woodsman	" "	Woodman.
Shicago	" "	Chicago.

The foregoing were deciphered, and sent on their way rejoicing. But the following could not be unravelled, and were sent to the state to which they were directed, in hopes that the mystery would yet be unfolded: "Shaperforum, Indiana," and "Crenco, Illinois." These will run the rounds of those states in search of rest, and probably find none until they bring up at the dead letter office, where, on a d, they will be returned to the writer with six cents to pay, and the envelopes covered with "miss-sent," and the choice epithets applied to the same by perplexed post office clerks could have been impressed on the same, the envelopes would be covered with words of very different meaning. It is certain that there would be no difficulty in deciphering the place the clerks condemned the letters to go.

County Superintendent of Public Instruction.

A word to our readers in the country on this subject, as it seems that this city has nothing to do with it. But it seems that some suitable person has got to be elected this fall, and now the question is, who is that suitable person? We have never heard one word against the present incumbent, neither do we know that he wishes to be candidate. But there is in the west part of the county a very competent young man, and a very proper person to have it. We allude to Mr. L. D. Coombs. We trust that it is only necessary to say to the people of Racine county that Mr. Coombs has made a very great sacrifice in defence of the old flag. He has been crippled for life. The loss of a leg incapacitates him for the common avocations of life. But here is something peculiarly adapted to his situation, and the people of the county have an opportunity to show their appreciation of the patriotism that has cost that young man so much. You are really in honor bound to redeem the pledge you made to the young men that went out from among you; that is, that you would not forget them in after years. Thousands upon thousands of glorious young men that went out from among you, and the state at large, have not come back to enjoin you to fulfill your promise. But when there is an opportunity like this, do not neglect to redeem the pledge; this is, if there is to be a change. We do not wish to be understood as urging that.

A BOOT-BLACK'S REVENGE.—A boot black got off a good "note" the other day. He was playing his vocation on the curb, and was at the same time lamenting the falling off of receipts, when a gentleman, hearing his lamentations, intercedes in his behalf and called up several friends who, of course, had a "shine." A physician who had just stepped into the street from his office was among the persons appealed to by the friends of the boot black, but, on hearing his name the boy said he did not want to black the Doctor's boots. On being asked the reason for his dislike, he said the Doctor had kicked him down a flight of stairs for being "assessed" short," ended the disciple of the brush and box, with a vindictive look, "but I had my revenge; I caught his dog twice and pounded him like thunder!"

They are Passing Away.

The early settlers of this city are fast fading away. One by one they depart from us to that silent city whose charter levels all distinction, although wealth may erect costly monuments over the habitations of some.—There is no heartburnings nor envy among those that lay beneath a simple sod. We some times think, and, in fact, we believe, that when that great King of kings comes to fulfill his promise, that of all the Father hath given him he would loose nothing, but raise it up at the last day—that he will be as likely to be seen standing in the midst of the lowly potters field, where the poor sleep, as he will to stand among those that sleep beneath the splendor that wealth and vanity has erected over them. The meek and the lowly will be sure to see him when he comes.

A few days since General Horace T. Sanders, who came to this city at a very early period in its history, died, and has passed away forever. We know but little of Mr. Sanders' early life. We simply know that at a very early period of his existence he was thrown upon his own resources, and that by his own exertions he raised himself to a very honorable position as a lawyer and statesman. He came to this city in the spring of 1842, and commenced the practice of law, being then but twenty-three years old, since which time he has been identified in most of the leading events connected with this city. On the breaking out of the rebellion, although a democrat, he gave a warm and hearty support to the government and the administration of Mr. Lincoln. In the fall of 1861 he received orders from government to raise and equip an independent regiment, which he accomplished. (It was afterwards known as the 19th Wisconsin.) In the spring of 1862 he took the field, and remained in the service until the close of the war, at which time he was promoted to the rank of Brigadier General for meritorious conduct. He leaves a wife and six out of children, all girls, to mourn the loss of a kind husband and an indulgent father.

Following close upon the death of General Sanders, we have to announce the death of John G. Conroe, another of the early settlers of Racine, who died on the 20th inst., after a long and painful illness. Mr. Conroe has been one of our most active and successful business men. We know nothing of the early history of Mr. Conroe. His loss will be felt among the business men of this city. Thus they go. A few more suns, and the last of those that who the toil and privations of the early settlement of this city, will have passed away forever.

11th Annual Commencement of Racine College.

The Eleventh Annual Commencement of Racine College came off last Wednesday.—The day was unfortunately very stormy, the rain coming down in torrents during the forenoon; the student band while marching from the College had the full benefit of it, though it did not appear to dampen the ardor or spirits of the students in the least; but the storm did keep a great many of the citizens at home, though a large and very respectable audience was in attendance. The ladies in particular honored the students with their presence. The exercises commenced at half past ten A. M. The following is the order of exercises, and also the list of prizes and medals awarded to the students who had stood highest both for scholarship and deportment during the past year:

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

Music, by the Band.
Prayer.
Music, "Non nobis Domine," College Choir.
Salutatory Oration.—"De Sancti Augustini Vita et Scriptis," Geo. Wallace.
Oration.—"The Crusades." Albert Stephens.
Music.—"Glorious Apollo." College Choir.
Masters Oration.—"The Art of Living." Rev. W. C. Pope, D. D.
Music.—"Harvest Home." College Choir.
The Commencement Address.—"Intellectual Gymnastics." Rev. H. M. Thompson, D. D.
Music.—"Now we Pray for our Country."
Awarding of Prizes and presentation of the "College," "Clarkson" and "Keene" Medals.
Conferring of Degrees.
Music.—By the Band.
Oration and Valedictory.—"The Destruction of Carthage." Wm. Ellis Lightner.
Music.—"Dulce, Dulce Domum."
Benediction.
Music.

HONORS.

Arthur Piper, Head of the College.
Geo. D. Rumsey, Head of Grammar School.
Will R. Merriam, College Medallist.
George Wallace, Clarkson Medallist.
Frederick N. Scott, Keene Medallist.

HEADS AND SECONDS FOR THE PAST YEAR.

Henry B. Whitmore, Head of the 6th Form.
George J. Prescott, second.
Will R. Merriam, Head of the 5th Form.
Horace R. Chase, second.
Edmund H. McCulloch, Head of the 4th Remove Form.
James Lyon, second.
William T. Comstock, Head of the 4th Shell Form.
John Winslow, second.
Edward B. Larrabee, Head of the 3d Form.
Henry Strong, second.
Frank Pardee, Head of the 2d Remove Form.
Benjamin B. Wakelee, second.
Gerald R. McDowell, Head of the 2d Shell Form.
Hobart Passmore, second.
William Cravens, Head of the 1st Form.
Chas. W. Parker, 2d.

The degree of Bachelor in Arts was conferred on Messrs. George Wallace, Albert Stephens and Wm. E. Lightner, of the graduating class, and the degree of Master in Arts was conferred on the Rev. Messrs. W. C. Pope, C. S. Warner, T. L. Bellows and Stephen A. Fridley.

The orations of the graduates were far above the average on such occasions. Mr. George Wallace of Chicago, delivered his oration in Latin; few, but classical scholars can fully realize the amount of study it has cost him—the years of toil he has spent to be able to accomplish this. Mr. Wallace was loudly cheered by his fellow students, and bouquets were thrown to him as he turned to have the rostrum; so, in fact, were all the graduating class. The Commencement Address, by the Rev. Hugh Miller Thompson, was listened to with pleasure by all. It was a masterly effort, and breathed the sentiments of an earnest, christian man. We regret that our limited space will not allow us to speak more at length of this address.

And now, a word in regard to Racine College, an institution that we may all feel proud of, and that took within a few short years has risen from obscurity to take its place among the institutions of learning in the land. The prosperity of Racine College, since it has come under the present management has been remarkable. The College, to-day, is full; hundreds of applications are rejected on account of want of room to accommodate the students. There is nothing remarkable in this, after all. People, both at home and abroad have learned that the object and aim of the Rector and the associate Professors is to educate those placed under their charge thoroughly—to make the students go *through* the course, and not *over* it. They are educated to be truthful and christian men—men who in after life will adorn whatever sphere they move in. Success to such a holy purpose, and may our College increase in popularity and prosperity in the future as it has done in the past, is the wish of every citizen of Racine.

Laborers Wanted.

The following letter is from our old Southern friend Vick, who stopped a long time during the past year at Congress Hall. We look upon Mr. Vick (although an ardent Southern man) as being a very honest, truthful man. We have concluded to take the liberty to publish his letter, although a private one, for the purpose of giving information to those who would like to go South in search of employment, and as showing something of the feeling in the South towards Northern people.

VICKSBURG, OCT. 10, 1865.

COL. UTLEY.—*Dear Sir:* I enclose to you the Vicksburg paper of to-day. I write to you for the purpose of getting you to put a notice in your paper. I wish to get men to work my place; so does every man in the country want men to work for them. We have plenty of money to pay for their services, and the field is large and men are scarce. I wish for you and all my friends to try and send us help, for the great want of this country is anything that can work.—Send men and women, boys and girls, for we need their labor. Tell the people that no one feels bitter towards them, but all are looking for their assistance, and now is the time to come for the country is very healthy and there is nothing to fear; they can come now and make a great deal of money and get back in time to plant crops at home and miss the cold weather of the North. Tell them all to come. It will cost them but little if they know how to travel. We are all anxious to see them come. Your friend,

H. O. VICK.

BY TELEGRAPH.

(From the New York Evening Post.)

The Carme-Kavanagh Billiards Matches—Four Challenges for the Champion Cues.

The game of billiards is receiving more attention here than has hitherto been given to it, and the public interest, stimulated by the matches now to be played and by others which are to take place, is increasing. A large number of professional billiardists are now in this city.

The second of the three matches that have been made between the French player, M. Carme, and Dudley Kavanagh—the first, in which Carme was successful, has been reported—will be played on the 4th or 5th of November. It will be for $1,000 a side; the table is to be of the second size, and the game will be the four-ball game, with the pool-shot barred. It is expected this match will be more interesting than the first one, and that the attendance to witness it will be greater.

The third match will be played on the 4th of December next. This is to be the full American game on a four pocket table.

For the golden cue, the emblem of the billiard championship of the United States—which is now in the hands of Mr. Deery, who won it from Mr. Fox, to whom Kavanagh forfeited it a few month ago—there are now four challenges—three beside that of M. Carme, who lessed the challenge to the champion when proposing to play with Mr. Kavanagh. The champion match was to follow the other matches. The second challenge was from Melvin Foster, of Washington; the third from John McDevitt, of Indianapolis; and the fourth from Joseph Dion, of Montreal. Each of the challenges has placed the forfeit money of two hundred and fifty dollars in the hands of Messrs. Phelan and Collender, according to the rules of the billiard Congress.

FENIAN CONGRESS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.

The *Herald's* Philadelphia special says the proceedings of the Fenian Congress are still enveloped in comparative secrecy. The secretary afforded only a brief outline of the business transacted, and that of a character whose publication is not prejudicial to the objects of the fraternity. During yesterday, however, it was evident from the glad faces and earnest handshaking of the delegates, that the congress had decided upon some important measure, the development of which is intimately connected with the success of their plans. Funds are promised the movement in great abundance. The members of the congress are personally to subscribe half a million dollars.

EXAMINATION OF WIRZ.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.

Today Captain Wirz underwent a private examination at his own request, in the presence of the members comprising the military commission and of Mr. Schade, one of his counsel. His right arm is much swollen and inflamed from the effects of a wound by a shell. A piece of the bone had been removed, rendering the limb of but little, if any use. A gentleman who witnessed the examination, also says, that his body bore the marks of his having suffered from the scurvey.

CHOLERA IN ENGLAND.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.

Dispatches received at the State Department, from the United States consul at Liverpool, under date of Oct. 6th, bring intelligence of the appearance of the cholera at Southampton, and at adjacent places.

The weather throughout English continues of the most unseasonable kind and the disease known as the underpest had broken out among the cattle in the neighborhood of Wavertree three miles from Liverpool, and had carried off quite a number of cattle.

FROM CAIRO.

CAIRO, Oct. 22.

Two Colored regiments arrived here today from the South, and a hundred and seventy bales of cotton for St. Louis.

New Orleans dates of the 15th, says a circulation from the freedmen's bureau, states that the abandoned plantations, and implements, and animals will not be given to the freedmen by the government as they have expected, and that lands will be leased only to those who can show they have capital necessary to buy seed, tools, and animals, and can carry on farms in a proper manner, and advises all who cannot do so, to make contracts for labor with planters or others needing their services.

New Orleans *Times*, union, strongly urges the abolishment of the freedmen's bureau.

Democratic meeting in New Orleans, passed a resolution asking the same clemency be shown Jeff. Davis as other leaders of the late rebellion, and denouncing Thadeous Stephens, Charles Sumner, as having raised vindictive, unchristian, and unamerican clamor for Davis' blood.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.

The following is the dispatch sent by president Johnson to Gov. Holden, already referred to:

WASHINGTON CITY, Oct. 18, 1865.

W. W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor:

Every dollar of the state debt created to aid the rebellion against the United States should be repudiated finally and forever.—The great mass of the people should not be taxed to pay a debt to aid in carrying on a rebellion which may in fact, if left to themselves, were opposed to. Let those who have given their names for the obligations of the state look to that power they tried to establish in violation of the law, constitution, and will of the people. They must meet their fate. It is their misfortune, and cannot be recognized by the people of any state professing themselves loyal to the government of the United States and in the Union. I repeat that the loyal people of North Carolina should be exonerated from the payment of every dollar of indebtness created in carrying on the rebellion. I trust and hope that the people of North Carolinia will wash their hands of everything that partakes in the slightest degree of the rebellion which has been so recently crushed by the strong arm of the government, in carrying out the obligations imposed by the constitution of the Union.

(Signed,) ANDREW JOHNSON,
President U. S.

A LARGE STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.—Our readers should know that Edward Mc. Enery, No. 138 Main street, will open this week one of his mammoth stock, of fall and winter dry goods. No persons in want of goods should think of purchasing without examining this large and well assorted stock. 4 w

A Yankee Trade.

The other day we heard of a little circumstance that *really occurred*, not a hundred miles from Salem, that is worth relating.

A certain farmer, who, in the course of a year, paid-out several dollars' worth of goods (and always paid for them), called at the store of a village merchant—his regular place of dealing—with two dozen brooms which he offered for sale. The merchant (who, by the way, is fond of a good bargain), examined his stock and said;

"Well, Cyrus, I will give you a shilling apiece for these brooms."

Cyrus appeared astonished at the offer, and quickly replied:

"Oh, no, John; I can't begin to take that for 'em now; but I'll let you have 'em for twenty cents apiece, and not a cent less."

"Cyrus, you are crazy," replied John, "Why, see here," showing a line lot of brooms, "is an article which is a great deal better than yours (which was true), that I am retailing at twelve and a half cents apiece," (which was not true by seven and a half cents.

"Don't care for that," answered Cyrus, "your brooms are cheap enough, but you can't have mine for less than twenty cents, no how!" and pretending to be more than half angry, shouldered his brooms and started for the door.

The merchant, getting a little nervous over the probable loss of a good customer, and fearing he might go to another store and never return, said;

"See here, Cyrus, hold on a while. If I give you twenty cents for your brooms I suppose you will not object to take the price of them out in goods?"

"No, don't care if I do," replied Cyrus.

"Well, then," said the merchant, "as you are an old customer, I will allow you twenty cents apiece for this lot.—Let me see—twenty times twenty-four make just four hundred and eighty cents. What kind of goods will you have, Cyrus?"

"Well, now, John, I reckon it don't make any difference to you what sort of goods I take; does it?"

"Oh, no! not at all—not at all," said the merchant.

"Well, then, as it don't make any difference, I will take the amount in *them 'ere brooms of yourn at twelve cents apiece!*" Let me see—four dollars and eighty cents will get *thirty-eight* brooms and five cents over. It don't make much difference, John, about the five cents; but as you are a right clever fellow, I believe I will just take the change in terbacker."

When Cyrus went out of the door with his brooms and "terbacker," John was seized with a serious breaking-out at the mouth, during which time he was distinctly heard to violate the third commandment several times by the bystanders, who all enjoyed the joke hugely.—*Boston Courier.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CROWN OF GLORY.

EVERY MAN, Woman and Child who has used

STERLING'S AMBROSIA

is willing to recommend it. Three years of rapidly increasing sale have made the Ambrosia famous all over the world.

IT IS WARRANTED TO PLEASE.

It cures Itching of the Head;
It makes New Hair grow on Bald Heads.
It prevents the Hair from Falling Out.
It renders the Hair Soft and Glossy.

Cleanses the Scalp; Cools the Heated Brow; Removes Dandruff; Cures Nervous Headache; Cures Baldness; Invigorates Luxuriant Locks; Imparts Health to Curls; Improves Wigs; Kills Hair Eaters. Good effect apparent at once.

TO THE LADIES WE SAY,

The Ambrosia will suit you to a T. Elegantly put up. Delicately Perfumed. Patronized by Opera Singers and Actresses. Sold in splendid boxes or cartons, containing two large bottles—No. 2 for morning, No 1 for evening.

THERE IS NO MISTAKE ABOUT IT

STERLING'S AMBROSIA is the best, most agreeable and effective toilet in the world. To prove this, try a sample. Sold by all Druggists.

Sterling's Ambrosia Manufacturing Co.
215, Fulton Street, New York.

RIVERVIEW HOUSE,
Cor. Clark and Lake Sts.,
CHICAGO, - - - ILLINOIS.
G. DUTCHER, ... Proprietor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DENTISTRY!

DR. C. L. RICE
Has taken Rooms in TITUS HALL BUILDING
SIGN OF THE BIG TOOTH,
Main Entrance, Market Square.
SATISFACTION WARRANTED!
RACINE, October 18, 1865.

SUMMONS FOR MONEY DEMAND ON CONTRACT.

CIRCUIT COURT, RACINE COUNTY.
HANS JOHNSON, against SEVERN HANSEN. 150 cent Int. Rev. Stamp.

The State of Wisconsin to the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, County of Racine, at the city of Racine, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in VanCott's Block, corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets, in the city of Milwaukee, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of One Hundred and Ninety-four dollars and fifty cents, with interest from the 15th day of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty five to date the costs of this action.

Dated, Milwaukee, Oct. 18th, 1865.

DEAN & KELLEY,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
43-6w

ED. McENERY,

NO. 138

MAIN STREET,

Will offer at

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL!

This Week

$100,000

WORTH

OF

FOREIGN

AND

DOMESTIC

DRY

GOODS!

NO PERSON

SHOULD THINK

OF

Purchasing Anything

IN THE LINE OF

DRYGOODS!

WITHOUT

FIRST EXAMINING

THIS

MAMMOTH

AND

WELL

ASSORTED

STOCK!

NOTICE TO PORTAGEANS

CHAS. PAULI,
Manufacturer and Dealer
IN
HATS, CAPS, GLOVES,
LADIES' & GENTS' FURS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT
Of The Above Articles
CONSTANTLY ON HAND
AT THE
LOWEST CASH PRICES.
FURS MADE TO ORDER AND REPAIRED.
HIGHEST MARKET PRICES
Paid for Raw Furs. 42tf

H. TYRREL & Co.,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
over the First National Bank,
Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.
015-3m

BOOTS AND SHOES

BECK & LEIGHTON

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Racine and vicinity, that they have just received their

WINTER STOCK

OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, Slippers.

Also, every kind of

BOOTS & SHOES.

For Merchant Boys' wear.

CUSTOM WORK

of every description on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch, at the

Belle City Boot & Shoe Store,
156 MAIN ST. 156.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY
& CHANCES FOR $1.

Jewelry at Low Prices!

100,000 Watches, Chains, Lockets, Rings, Bracelets, Sets of Jewelry, Gold Pens, &c., &c.

To be disposed of at ONE DOLLAR each without regard to value, not to be paid for until you know what you are to receive.

100 Gold Hunting Case Watches	each	$50 to $100
500 Silver Watches	"	20 to 35
10,000 Gold Pens and Silver Cases	"	5 to 8
10,000 Sets Ladies Jewelry, (assorted)	"	5 to 10

And a large assortment of Jewelry of every description for ladies' and gents' wear, varying in value from $3 to $25 each. The method of disposing of these goods at ONE DOLLAR each is as follows:

CERTIFICATES naming an article and its price are placed in SEALED ENVELOPES and well mixed, one of which will be sent by Mail to any address on receipt of price. One certificate 25 cents. Give for $1. There are no BLANKS. You must get the VALUE of your money. Circulars with particulars FREE. Address,

A. J. HARPER & CO.,
Box 5219 P. O. New York.
299 Broadway, N. Y.
43-4m

TO THE LADIES.

GEO. H. REED & Co's.

LIQUID

DOMESTIC DYES

THE constant demand we have had for LIQUID DYES has induced us to put up a complete line of

40 SHADES, ALL LIQUIDS,

which will recommend themselves to everyone who has ever used Liquid Dyes for

Brilliancy of Color,
Simplicity of Use,
Certainty of Satisfaction.

[Complete directions for use with every package.]

USE THE BEST ARTICLE.

See Certificates from Eminent Chemists on each Package.

Samples actually dyed with each of the colors on silk or woolen, may be seen at the Drug Stores.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

If you desire to insure GOOD COLORS, inquire for REED'S DOMESTIC DYES, *and take no other kind.*

GEO. H. REED & CO.,
Manufacturers. 42-4

CIRCUIT COURT RACINE COUNTY.
GEORGE HANSON, Plaintiff against SEVERN HANSON, defendant. (50 ct. rev. stamp cancelled.)

The State of Wisconsin to the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for the County of Racine at the Court House in the City of Racine, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in Youngs Block on Wisconsin Street, in the city of Milwaukee within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of Six Hundred Sixty-five dollars and thirty cents, besides the costs of this action.

JARED THOMPSON, Jr., Pltfs Atty.

Dated, Sept. 25th, 1865.

The complaint in the above entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court in and for the county of Racine at the Court House in the city of Racine on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1865.

JARED THOMPSON Jr., Pltf's Atty.
41-6w Milwaukee, Wis.

GENERAL ELECTION NOTICE.

To the Sheriff of Racine County:

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the general election to be held on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday, being the seventh day of November next, in the several towns, wards and election precincts in the State of Wisconsin, and by the qualified electors of this State in the actual military service of the United States or of this state, at the several places, camps, hospitals or posts, wherever they may be on that day, the following officers are to be elected, to wit:

A Governor, in the place of James T. Lewis; a Lieutenant Governor in the place of Wyman Spooner; a Secretary of State, in the place of Lucius Fairchild; a State Treasurer, in the place of Samuel D. Hastings; an Attorney General, in the place of Whitfield Smith; a State Superintendent, in the place of John G. McMynn; a Bank Comptroller, in the place of William H. Rainey; a State Prison Commissioner, in the place of Henry Cordier, whose several terms of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1866.

Also, a State Senator in each of the following Senate Districts, whose terms of office will expire on the first Monday of January 1866, to-wit:

The Second District, comprising the counties of Brown and Kewaunee.

The Fourth District comprising the county of Washington.

The Sixth District comprising the third, fourth, fifth and eighth wards of the City of Milwaukee, and the towns Wauwatosa, Greenfield, Lake, Oak Creek and Franklin, in the county of Milwaukee.

The Eighth District, comprising the county Kenosha.

The Tenth District, comprising the county of Waukesha

The Twelfth District, comprising the county of Walworth.

The Fourteenth District, comprising the county of Sauk.

The Sixteenth District, comprising the county of Grant.

The Eighteenth District, comprising the towns of Fox Lake, Chester, Westford, Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Oak Grove, Elba, Oxford, Lowell, Portland, Shields, Emmet, Trenton, the City of Beaver Dam, the fifth and sixth Wards of the City of Watertown, and the South Ward of the village of Waupun, in the county of Dodge.

The Twentieth District, comprising the county of Fond du Lac.

The Twenty-Second District, comprising the counties of Outagamie, Shawano, Oconto and Door.

The Twenty-Fourth District, comprising the county of Green.

The Twenty-Sixth District, comprising the town of Dane, Rockaway, Marquette, Black Earth, Berry, Springfield, Middleton, Cross Plains, Vienna, Blue Mounds, Springfield, Vienna, Fitchburg, Oregon, Montrose, Primrose, Perry, Madison, and the City of Madison, in the county of Dane.

The Twenty-Eighth District, comprising the counties of Pierce, St. Croix, Polk, Dallas, Burnett, Douglas, LaPointe and Ashland.

The Thirtieth District, comprising the counties of Richland, Crawford and Vernon.

The Thirty-second District, comprising the counties of Jackson, Clark, Trempealeau, Buffalo, Pepin, Eau Claire and Chippewa.

A member of Assembly in each Assembly district of the State, and such County officers as are by law required to be elected at such election.

At the same election, the question of so amending the Constitution of this state as to extend the right of suffrage to male persons of African descent, agreeably to Chapter 414 of the laws of 1865, will be submitted to said electors.

Also one member of the Assembly of the First District, comprising of the city of Racine, in the place of John Vaughan, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

Also one member of the 2d District, comprising the towns of Mt. Pleasant, Caledonia and Yorkville, in the place of E. C. Salisbury, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

Also one member of the Third District, comprising the towns of Burlington, Rochester, Waterford, Dover, Norway and Raymond, in the place of F. A. Wragge, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

Also one member of the Second Congressional District, in the place of Matthew H. Mead, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

Also one member in the Second District comprising the towns of Mt. Pleasant, Yorkville and Caledonia (for the term of two years) in the place of Charles K. McCarty, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

Also one member in the Third District, comprising of the towns of Burlington, Rochester, Waterford, Norway, Dover and Raymond (for the term of one year) in the place of Hiram D. Morse, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

One county Superintendent in the place of C. W. Levens, whose term of office will expire on the 1st day of January, 1866.

Said elections to be conducted, the votes canvassed and returns made in pursuance of the Revised statutes of 1858, and chapter 11 of the laws of 1862, extra session, as amended by chapter 88, of the laws of 1865.

Dated at my office in the city of Racine, State of Wisconsin, this 8th day of September, A. D. 1865.

(SEAL.) FRANK SCHNEIDER,
Sheriff.
42

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss
COUNTY OF RACINE.

I, Frank Schneider, Sheriff of said county of Racine, do hereby certify that the notice for a general election served upon me by the Secretary of State of the State of Wisconsin and now on file in my office. That pursuant to said notice and the Statutes in relation to elections, notice is hereby given that the following State and General officers are to be elected, viz:

A Governor in the place of James T. Lewis; a Lieutenant Governor in the place of Wyman Spooner; a Secretary of State in the place of Lucius Fairchild; a State Treasurer in the place of Samuel D. Hastings; an Attorney General in the place of Whitfield Smith; a State Superintendent in the place of John G. McMynn; a Bank Comptroller in the place of William H. Rainey; a State Prison Commissioner, in the place of Henry Cordier, whose several terms of office will expire on the first Monday of January, 1866.

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The Second District, comprising the counties of Brown and Kewaunee.

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The Eighth District, comprising the county Kenosha.

The Tenth District, comprising the county of Waukesha

The Twelfth District, comprising the county of Walworth.

The Fourteenth District, comprising the county of Sauk.

The Sixteenth District, comprising the county of Grant.

The Eighteenth District, comprising the towns of Fox Lake, Chester, Westford, Beaver Dam, Burnett, Calamus, Oak Grove, Elba, Oxford, Lowell, Portland, Shields, Emmet, Trenton, the City of Beaver Dam, the fifth and sixth Wards of the City of Watertown, and the South Ward of the village of Waupun, in the county of Dodge.

The Twentieth District, comprising the county of Fond du Lac.

The Twenty-Second District, comprising the counties of Outagamie, Shawano, Oconto and Door.

The Twenty-Fourth District, comprising the county of Green.

The Twenty-Sixth District

City & Local Matters.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 25, 1865.

Departure of Trains and Closing of Mails.

Departure of Trains.		Closing of Mail
Going South—	5.35 A. M.	5.00 A. M.
" "	2.50 P. M.	2.10 P. M.
Freight,	3.32 A. M.	5.10 P. M.
Going North—	11.57 noon.	11.30A. M.
" "	7.15 P. M.	6.40 P. M.
Freight,	5.30 A. M.	
Going West—	10.00 A. M.	12.30 A. M.
" "	3.45 P. M.	5.15 P. M.
Freight,	4.30 P. M.	

JOHN TAPLEY, P. M.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN R. R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, November 13th, trains will leave and arrive at Chicago, as follows:

WISCONSIN DIVISION.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Passenger	9.00 A. M.	8.45 P. M.
Night Passenger	4.00 P. M.	3.00 A. M.
Mixed Accommodation	5.00 P. M.	10.20 A. M.
Rockford Passenger	6.15 P. M.	9.25 P. M.
Janesville Passenger	4.30 P. M.	2.15 P. M.
Madison Passenger	4.30 P. M.	2.15 P. M.

GALENA AND IOWA DIVISIONS.

Fulton and Dubuque Express	8.15 A. M.	7.30 P. M.
Freeport and Dunleith Pass.	9.00 A. M.	8.30 P. M.
Dixon Accommodation	4.00 P. M.	11.10 A. M.
Rockford	4.40 P. M.	10.40 A. M.
Fox River Valley Accom.	4.00 P. M.	10.20 A. M.
Geneva Accom. station	5.30 P. M.	8.40 A. M.
Iowa Express Pass.	7.00 P. M.	7.00 A. M.
Sioux City and Dubuque Pass.	7.15 P. M.	7.30 A. M.

The Night Passenger train leaves Dunleith and Freeport every day except on the morning of Saturday. The 7.00 P. M. Iowa Express leaves Chicago on Sundays only in place of the morning train. Parcels left at night trains will be delivered at the office the next morning.

O. M. WHEELER, General Ticket Agt. GEO. L. DUNLAP, General Sup't.

Advertisers will oblige us by bringing in their Advertisements as early as Tuesday Forenoon.

CIRCUIT COURT.—The Grand Jury brought in three bills of indictment, one against Martin Lyons and Michael Moriarity, for the murder of Conrad Hatter; one against Wm. Wilson, Wm. Smith and James Clark, for burglary and assault with deadly weapon in the house of the late Mayor Hart; also a bill against James Dooley for larceny. The trial of Michael Moriarty commenced last Monday afternoon. Some considerable difficulty was evinced in empanelling a jury, as nearly all the citizens had heard of the case and were prejudiced, or had expressed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the party. This case has excited a great deal of interest in the city. The court room was crowded. Messrs. Millet, of this city, and Cary, of Milwaukee, are for the defendant. The prosecution is being conducted by District Attorney C. W. Bennett. The case of Smith, Wilson and Clark, indicted for burglary and assault in the house of the late Mayor Hart, was called last Saturday. The prisoners were furnished with counsel by the county. Messrs. N. H. Joy and C. E. Dyer were appointed by the Court as their legal advisers. After having fully consulted with their counsel, the prisoners pleaded guilty to the burglary, and not guilty to the balance of the charge, the District Attorney having waived the balance of the charge. They will be sentenced the latter part of the week. James Dooley, who was indicted for stealing from the store of Schumacher & Ritchie, on account of his poverty, was furnished with counsel by the county. The court appointed N. H. Joy, Esq., as his attorney. The prisoner, after having fully consulted his counsel, plead guilty to the larceny, and not guilty to the balance of the charge, the balance of the charge being waived by the District Attorney. The prisoner will receive his sentence with the other prisoners.

FRESH OYSTERS.—Bliss & Erb, 158 Main street, are now receiving daily those fine *Perdicus Baltimore oysters*, which had so good a reputation last winter. If you want the best oysters put up in Baltimore, get *Booth's Premium*. 39-tf

A GOOD THING COMING.—The celebrated Madam Margaret Bangs, assisted by Miss Julia Randolph, will give one of her grand concerts at Titus Hall, on Monday evening, October 30th, 1865. Madame Bancroft has lately returned from San Francisco, and is now making her first tour through the west. We quote the following from the Boston *Transcript*.

"We have never had the pleasure of attending a more delightful entertainment than that given by Madame Margaret Bangs, and her talented assistants. My eyes fill with tears while I write, at the recollection of some of their touchingly beautiful pieces. Miss Randolph's voice in her piece "I Love Thee," by Car Patti, is brilliant with pathos and sweetness."

A GOOD CHANCE TO GO INTO THE GROCERY BUSINESS.—Clough & Jewett offers for sale their stock, fixtures and goods will on satisfactory terms. Offers at once at No 4 Sixth street.

All persons having unsettle accounts with Clough & Jewett are requested to call and settle the same. 42

☞ The eclipse performed for the special benefit of the citizens of this place last Thursday, came off as per agreement. It was witnessed by a large and respectable audience, and smoked glass, second hand stove pipes and carriage lamps were in great demand. The utmost order and decorum was observed during the performance. It was confidently expected there would have been more in from the country to see it; but they did not come. This was owing, no doubt, to our not mentioning it in the *Journal* but as the managers of the performance did not advertise with us, we could not consistently give a local notice.

WANTED.—A girl to do house work in a moderate sized family, to whom liberal wages will be paid. Appiy at the Journal office. tf

☞ It seems like old times to see George Thomas again in his gallery over Bliss' store, once more at work at his profession. The taking of a photograph is with Thomas an art, and not so much mechanical labor to be performed to get an impression of the human form divine. It requires a natural taste to be a good artist, and all who have ever seen George's work know that he possesses it. There is not in the Northwest a better artist than George Thomas, and we only hope that he will meet with the success he deserves.

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS.—Ruggles & Hubbard of Waukesha have commenced the manufacture of Sash, Doors & Blinds at Waukesha, having manufactured over 2,000 sashes thus far.

☞ Last Thursday, as the freight train was being moved in Julian Hoy, the switchman, was killed. The train was backing down on the side track; Hoy was on the track at the time and the rear car struck him, throwing him under the cars, horribly crushing and mutilating him. He leaves a wife and nine children who were dependent on him for support.

OFFICIAL.

Council Proceedings.

CITY COUNCIL CHAMBERS, October 18, 1865.

At a special meeting of the City Council there were present—His Honor the President, Ald. Van Pelt, in the chair; Ald. F. Bauman, Bohn, Wm. Bauman, Foster, Fish, Kelley, Phillips and Smith.

Ald. Phillips offered the following preamble and resolutions, and moved their adoption:

WHEREAS, In the providence of God death has removed from our midst J. W. Hart, late the Mayor of the city of Racine, who has been identified during the past eight years with the business interests of this city; who performed the duties of Mayor of the city of Racine with signal ability and fidelity; who possessed all those qualities of the head, and heart that tend to secure the honor and respect of his fellow men; who, as a business man, by his uprightness and integrity of character, has won the confidence and good will of all with whom he has had business relations; and who, as a citizen, by his kind, courteous and gentlemanly deportment, has gained the affection of a large circle of friends; that, as a public officer, a business man and citizen, a deep sense of honor, a true regard for the rights of his fellow men, and a kind and gentle bearing pervaded and adorned consciously through all his actions, therefore,

Resolved, by the Common Council of the city of Racine, That, while we bow with submission to the painful stroke of Divine Providence, and recognize in it the hand of Him who doeth all things well," yet we deplore the loss of our fellow townsman, J. W. Hart, and feel that a vacuum is made not easily filled, both in the public council and private walks of life;

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved family of the deceased our sincere and heartfelt sympathy and condolence in this their great affliction, and we earnestly recommend to them the comforting reflection that what is their loss is his great gain.

Adopted.

Ald. Phillips made the following motions, which were carried:

That the members of this Council attend in a body the funeral of our late Mayor;

That the business men of this city be requested to close their respective places of business during the funeral ceremonies of our late Mayor, which will take place on Friday afternoon, the 20th inst., from 2 to 4 o'clock.

Ald. Smith moved that we adjourn till 1½ o'clock, Friday afternoon.

Carried.

ATTEST: JAMES A. BEAUGRAND, City Clerk.

OBITUARY.

Died at his residence, in this city, Oct. 11th 1865, Hon. J. W. HART, in the 38th year of his age.

The deceased was born in the town of Meredith, N. H., on the 9th of Sept., 1828.

In the Autumn of 1856, he came to Racine, where, he married and established himself in business. He was possessed of a noble and generous spirit, affording an example in this particular well worthy of imitation. As an illustration of this, his fireman in the mill tells me that no poor applicant for flour ever went away empty handed, and no application for assistance of the poor for money or anything he had was rejected. He kept a "charity account" on his books, not for the purpose of telling his right hand what his left hand did, but from the satisfaction he might derive from knowing what he did give for charitable objects. This account, I am told, footed up many hundreds of dollars annually.

The last act for the public good that Mr. Hart ever performed was the effort which he put forth in connection with others with his characteristic zeal and earnestness, to secure to this city the State Normal School. He not only subscribed liberally to this end, but laboured personally, though in feeble health, to secure the object.

In business engagements he was remarkably punctilious, fulfilling contracts at large losses, for the sake, as he said of doing as he agreed. At one time during the late war, he made a contract for furnishing a large quantity of mill products at a certain price. Prices of everything advanced rapidly. He says to my informant, "I will fulfill that contract if it takes every dollar that I am worth."—In early life, Mr. Hart professed religion and united with the Free Will Baptist church in his native town, and he died full of hope and peace, trusting in Christ, and so expressed himself on the Saturday previous to his death. He had very strong faith in his recovery, but as the disease advanced, expressed himself resigned to the will of God, whatever it might be. During his illness he often engaged in prayer, and requested others to pray with him, which he seemed to enjoy very much, and with much profit to himself. On Thursday, the day of his death, he was hardly conscious, except a short time in the afternoon, when he called his family around him and gave them all his parting kiss.

Thus a good man has fallen among us by the hand of death. Suddenly has he been cut down in the prime of his manhood, in the midst of his usefulness, and with a large and increasing business upon his hands. The sacred ties of kindred and social endearment have all been sundered, and from the bosom of his dear family and from the mid-st of a people who loved, respected and honored him. He has been summoned to the scenes of the (to us) untried future. As a husband and father, he was affectionate, devoted and kind; as a citizen he was patriotic, public-spirited and generous, while in all his official duties as mayor, disinterested fidelity to the interests of the city have ever characterized him in the responsible position to which his fellow citizens called him.

Rest, now, dear friend and fellow citizen; yes, rest sweetly until the bright resurrection morn shall dawn—when death shall be swallowed up in victory.

☞ "And gave also unto her husband with her; and he did eat." And so did we also, eat the fruit that T. C. Williams, of Union Grove, gave us, but without any pangs of conscience at the act, no, as we munched away on a Pippin that would weigh nearly a pound. We felt truly grateful to think there were some men in this selfish world who know how to use the blessings they had received.

FOREST.—On the 11th inst., one and a half miles from Racine, on the Racine and Raymond road, an dark for quarter caps. The owner can have the same by identifying the property, and paying for this notice.

2w F. F. PARKER.

LOST.—Somewhere between Case's shop and Folsey's, by the way of Sixth street, a gentleman's fur collar. Any person returning the same will be liberally rewarded.

HENRY GEORGE WOTHMAN, At Case's Machine Shop.

Racine, October 23, 1865.

Resolutions of Condolence passed October 21st, 1865, by Board of Trustees of First Presbyterian Church of Racine, Wisconsin, upon the death of their chairman, Mr. J. W. Hart:

WHEREAS, An all-wise Providence has removed one of our number, J. W. Hart, the chairman of the Board of Trustees, therefore,

Resolved, That this Board of Trustees, while cheerfully submitting to the dispensations of Him "whose ways are inscrutable," and "who erreth not," who has taken this brother in the prime of life and usefulness, would hereby bear testimony to his public and private virtues; to his manifested interest in all matters pertaining to the public good; to his strict integrity; to his fidelity in fulfilment of all his business engagements, and to his companionship as a neighbor and friend.

Resolved, That this Board lose in Mr. Hart one whose judicious counsels and prudent foresight have ever been of great value in guiding its actions, and the loss of which will hereafter be keenly felt.

Resolved, That we add our warm sympathy to that manifested by the entire community toward the families of the deceased in the loss of one who so truly fulfill ed all the duties of a husband, father and brother.

Resolved, That these resolutions be placed in the records of this Board, and a copy sent to the family of the deceased, and to the Racine city papers for publication.

Z. C. CLOUGH, C'hn pro tem.
WM. H. BARR, C'lk of Board.

ASSEMBLY NOMINATIONS.—The Union Convention held at Ives' Grove on the 21st inst., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Second Assembly District resulted in the choice of George Q. Erskine, Charles K. McEachron, of Yorkville, was nominated for supervisor, O. C. Munroe, of Mount Pleasant, and Henry Stevens, of Caledonia, for District committee. Good for the second District—all good.

At a convention held in the 3d district on 21st inst., Philo Belden, of Rochester, was nominated for the assembly, and H. D. Morse for supervisors. Good very good.—L. D. Combs received the unanimous vote of the convention as choice of the 3d district for county superintendent of public schools.—Still, good the want of space prevents our saying more this week.

☞ Any person having a milch cow to sell, will please leave his name at this office.

UNION MEETING.—Ex Governor Randall will address the people of this city on Wednesday, November 1st. We hope to see a good crowd out on that occasion. Come with trumbrels and dancing, and give the popular ex-Governor a hartye welcome.

We are also happy to announce that the campaign is to wind up with a speech from General Halbert Paine. General Paine will address the citizens of this place on Monday evening November 6th, 1865. Titus Hall has been engaged for him. Come one come all.

HOPE.—The Scripture saith, that "Hope is an anchor to the soul, both sure and steadfast." It is the unfortunate's only comfort in adversity, and the star of promise which urges forward the struggling poor man.—What is that gives contentment to that mother who sees her darling child attacked by the ghost of the deadly croup, or suffering from the effects of a consuming cough or violent cold. What is it that wreaths in smiles the lips of that patient consumptive who, thought she knows she cannot live, yet murmurs her silent and thankful prayer for ease and relief. What is it that has become a nation's hope—from North to South, from East to West, comes but one joyful response—Give us Coe's Cough Balsam.

LEANING THAT WAY.—A drunkard, leaning against a church railing, replied, in answer to a question from the sexton, that he didn't exactly belong to that church, but he was leaning that way.

ARRIVAL.—On the 18th inst., the Racine and Mississippi Railroad was sold at public auction by the United States Marshal, and was bid off by Mr. C. A. Thomson, Gen'l Manager of the road, for the sum of $1,000.—Ouo.

FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale a splendid farm, containing 120 acres, lying near Skunk Grove on the old road to Yorkville, about six miles from Racine city.—There is a good, substantial House and barn with other improvements on the place. Terms reasonable. Enquire of A. Baker, Racine. August 30th, 1865.—3t5 tf.

ASSEMBLY NOMINATIONS.—Whose business is it to call a caucus for the purpose of nominating an assemblyman? It is time that it was done. We cannot get up any excitement in this city until we have at least one candidate for office in the field. Who is the lucky man?

☞ We have just received Godey's for November. As usual, this magazine comes filled with choice reading. People desirous of forming clubs can do so now. The earlier the orders are sent in, the sooner will you get the magazine. Marion Harland, Miss V. F. Townsend, and other literary females contribute to this magazine. Again, now is the time to subscribe.

LARIGO & CO.'S EVENING SESSIONS.—For the convenience of those who cannot attend during the day, Larigo & Bartlett have opened a permanent evening session in all the departments of the institution, thus affording a fine opportunity for acquiring a knowledge of Larigo's short method of book-keeping, with Mr. Bartlett's eloquent and rapid business penmanship.

"DON'T BE FOOLISH."—You can make Six Dollars from fifty cents. Call and examine an invention urgently needed by everybody. Or a sample sent free by mail for 50c. that easily retails for $6, by R. L. Wolcott, 170 Chatham Square New York. [my1y-38.]

☞ Dan Howard's Commercial College will open permanently on the 1st of October, over the First National Bank. 36-3m

To the Agents of Racine County representing First Class Mowing Machines:

For the purpose of testing the respective qualities of the several machines, I would say that I will bet from $50 to $500 that I am making as good a Mower as there is sold in this market, the judges to be selected from the farmers of this county by the parties as they can agree; the committee to consist of five persons, who will judge of all the respective qualities of the machines on trial, as to the amount of ground cut, the quality of the work, the draught, durability, etc. The time for trial to be fixed by the parties and the money to go to the credit of the Poor Fund of this county.

☞ July 5 tf THOS. FALVEY.

Advocate please copy.

☞ I want to purchase 10,000 bushels of potatoes for which I will pay the highest market price. I can be found at the foot of Main street. NIC. MILLER.

LOST.—One red cow, very large sized; also one two year old light red steer. Any one finding them will please inform Messrs. Wustum & Nield. WUSTUM & NIELD.

LOST.—On Friday last between Lutz's grocery, on the Milwaukee road and Morebachers, on the same road, a pocket book containing about fifty dollars in money, and a discharge from the 9th Wisconsin regiment, and some other packages. A reasonable reward will be paid any person who shall find and return the same to H. Lersh's Lager Beer saloon, Main street. 43—4 w

NOTICE.—Old and new furniture bought and sold at the old stand of James Tomlinson. Oval frames and picture framing done to order. 41-4w

MARRIED.

On Tuesday, Oct. 17, 1865, at the residence of the bride's father, in Milwaukee, by the Rev. W. G. Miller, D. D., Capt. FRANK LAWRENCE to Miss MARY MILLER.

DEATHS.

Died, at his residence, Oct. 20, of consumption, Mr. JOHN O. CONROE, aged 21 years.

In Buffalo, Aug. 24th, Mrs. Ellen Cartwright, wife of Phineas Cartwright, of this city.

In Raymond, on the 9th inst. of dysentery, JULIA ELLA, aged 1 year and 9 months. Also, on the 22d inst. FRANK WOOSTER, aged 5 years and 4 months, only children of Lyman U. and Mary E. Shumway.

"Suffer little children to come unto me."

MARKETS.

RACINE JOURNAL OFFICE, Racine, Oct. 25, 1865.

Wheat, by teams, $1.00@$1.20.
Oats, 25@30c.
Corn, 40@50c.
Beans, from $1.75@$3.
Barley 60@ 65c.
Butter, 25@30c.
Cheese 18@20c.
Eggs, 25@30c.
Apples, green, 75c@$1.00 ⅌ bu.
Onions, 75@80c.
Potatoes, 50@60c.
Flax $2.00@$2.25.
Hay, $12@18 per ton.
Wool 50@55c.
Hogs, [illegible]
Pork, dressed, 8½@9½c.
Calves, $4.00@15.00 each.
Sheep, per head, $4.00@6.00.
Lambs, $2.50@3.00.
Hides, green, 7½@8½c. per lb.
" Dry, 18@19c. per lb.
C H Skins, green, 16@18c.
" Dry, 30@35c

Marine Intelligence.

The following vessels have arrived and departed at this port, for the week ending, October 24, 1865.

ARRIVED.

Bark Unadilla, Chicago, light.
" Wm. Staners, " "
" Detroit Ware, " "
Brig Sailor Boy, " "
Schr Eclipse, " "
" Norway, Kewaunee, lumber.
" Goshen, Grand River, lumber.
" Pilot, Holland, wood and lath.
" Pride, Washington Pier, wood.
" Lady of the Lake, Manitowoc, 2500 RR bars.
" Neshota, Chicago, light.
" New Union, " "
" Sheboy, Wolf River, wood.
" Flagstaff, Kewaunee, Lumber.
" Phoenix, Chicago, light.
" Wm Penn, " "
" Irish, Chicago, " "
" Lake Wallace, Wolf River, wood.
" Norway, Kewaunee lumber.

CLEARED.

Schr. Mary Scott, Buffalo, 14,000 bush. wheat.
" Pilot, Holland, light.
" Goshen, Grand River, lmbr.
Scow, Enterprise, " 10,000 ft. lmbr.
Bark Unadilla, Buffalo, 22,000 bus. wheat.
Bark Wm Staners " 16,500 " "
Brig Sailor Boy " 17,000 " "
Schr. Neshota " 17,000 " "
" Liberty " 13,000 " "
" Lady of the Lake, Milwaukee, light.
" Norway, Kewaunee light.
" Phoenix, White Lake, light.
" Jno S Wallace, Annapolis, light.
" Gilmer, Manistee, lmbr.
Bark Ocean Wave, Buffalo, 19,000 bus wheat.
Schr. Wm Cary, Buffalo, 17,000 bus wh at.

Schr. Rifle, of Buffalo, and Dolphin of Chicago, ashore at Wolf River.

CALIFORNIA CIGAR STORE!

CIGARS! CIGARS!

ALBERT HUSE

Wishes to inform his numerous friends and patrons that he has lately received from California with a first class

Selection of Snuffs, Tobaccos, CIGARS,

☞ Meerschaums and other Pipes.

Having selected the above with the hopes of giving satisfaction, he invites the people of Racine to give him a call. Don't forget the address. Albert Huse, California Cigar Store, Market Square, four doors South Court House.

Racine, August 16th, 1865.—3t5tf.

Get the Best, Complete, Authentic and Well Illustrated,

THE LIFE OF

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Published in English and German.

PRESENTING HIS EARLY HISTORY, Political Career, and Speeches in and out of Congress; also, a General View of his Policy as President of the United States, with his Messages, Proclamations, letters, etc., and a History of his eventful Administration, and of the Scenes attendant upon his Tragic and Lamented Death.

By Hon. Joseph E. Barrett,

Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.

1 Vol. 8vo., about 700 pages, bound in embossed cloth, sheep, library style; and half cloth. Illustrated with magnificent fine Engravings of Scenes identified with Mr. Lincoln's Early Life.

It is more than four years since Mr. BARRETT commenced the preparation of this work. During this time he has occupied the high position of Commissioner of Pensions, has enjoyed a personal intimacy which elected and placed at his command every source of information required to render the work reliable, full, and complete.

This is the only work for which Mr. Lincoln himself furnished all the material, facts of his early life.

The work will be beautifully embellished with fine illustrations from sketches taken on the spot of

The Birthplace of Mr. Lincoln!

House near Gentryville, Ind.,

The home of Mr. Lincoln for thirteen years, and where his mother died;

Little Pigeon Baptist Church,

Where Mr. Lincoln (when but a lad) and his parents attended;

The Log House in Sangamon Co., Ill.,

Where the "3,000 rails" were split;

Springfield Residence!

The Scene of his First Inauguration!

The Pioneer March—1816!

And a

Steel Portrait of the late President,

Pronounced by himself, family, and friends the finest and most accurate likeness produced.

This work is sold exclusively by our duly authorized Agents, and can be had through another source. It will not be for sale in the Bookstores, and can not be had of the publishers directly. Those desiring to secure a copy for their libraries, should subscribe promptly when the opportunity is presented. We will guarantee that they shall be well served at the hands of our Agents. The agents now at work, shows an unusual readiness on the part of the people to subscribe. Judging from the reports that have thus far been received 150,000 COPIES WILL BE SOLD IN THE NEXT NINETY DAYS.

C. F. VENT & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS for the North-West, 94 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

H. GRISWOLD,

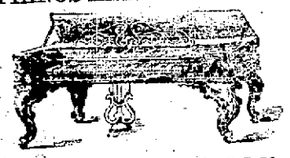
SOLE AGENT FOR RACINE.

JEWELRY STORE 1865

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.

Silver, Silver Plated and Brittania Ware.

PIANOS AND MELODEONS



JOHN ELKINS & SON,

TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY TO pay to their friends that they are in receipt of a

New and Splendid Stock

of spring goods of everything which can be called for in their line, among which will be found

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

from the justly celebrated American manufactories; also other imported styles in

Hunting and Open Cases,

A very large assortment of

JEWELRY,

of the latest styles and patterns.

Silver Spoons and Forks

of plain and fancy patterns, made of silver equal to coin.

PLATED AND BRITTANIA WARE.

Clocks of various Sizes and Patterns.

Ladies Traveling and Work Baskets,

Pure Monies for Ladies and Gents.

TRAVELING BAGS, POCKET CUTLERY,

Violins, Guitars,

Accordeons, Flutes, &c.

A large assortment of

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c.,

expressly for the Holidays.

Chickering & Son and A. H. Gale & Co.'s

PIANO FORTES.

GEORGE A. PRINCE & CO.'S

MELODEONS.

☞ Clocks and Watches carefully repaired and warranted.

Clough & Jewett,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES,

AT

4 Sixth St., Racine,

have marked down

SUGARS, COFFEES,

TEAS,

SYRUPS, MOLASSES,

and most of their goods to suit the decline in gold.

FARMERS!

We pay Cash for your Butter and Eggs.

☞ To those living within the city limits, we deliver goods FREE.

MAKE A LOUD NOISE

AND

Sing Unto all ye People!

OF

Wisconsin, Racine Co. and Racine

THAT

Kidder & Harris

are selling the

Best, Purest and Choicest

DRUGS, MEDICINES,

WINES, BRANDIES,

PATENT MEDICINES,

Perfumery,

TOILET ARTICLES, &c., &c.

that were ever imported to this city.

N. B. That K. & H. are Selling the Pure-t

T's,

Name-ly, the SAME QUALITY for the SAME PRICE formerly kept by Thorpe & Gorton.

N. B.—That K. & H. are Selling

Mixed & Ground Spices

Pure as Pure can be.

N. B.—That K. & H. are selling the choicest

COFFEES

IN TOWN.

N. B.—That K. & H. put up all kinds of

PRESCRIPTIONS

WITH THE GREATEST CARE.

N. B.—That while you are looking around to find the best, remember that K. & H. keep the best

DRUGS AND GROCERIES.

N. B.—Remember the number,

City Tea Mart, No. 418 Main St.

Racine, Jan. 18, 1865.

SETTLEMENTS IN THE SOUTHERN STATES BY NORTHERN MEN.

"The general objects of this company are: Procuring information as to desirable locations, leasing plantations, assisting emigrants or settlers in removing to and occupying the plantations. Also, in mining and disposing of crops and ultimately in purchasing the lands."

UNITED STATES

Mutual Protection Company,

(For encouraging Settlements in the Southern States.)

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

10,000 SHARES OF $50 EACH.

PRESIDENT,
HON. ALEXANDER W. RANDALL,
1st Assistant P. M. General.

VICE PRESIDENT.
HON. S. C. POMEROY,
United States Senator, Kansas.

SECRETARY.
DR. JOHN TRIMBLE,
Treasury Department, Washington.

TREASURER.
GEN. JOHN B. ELVANS,
Washington, D. C.

GENERAL STOCK AGENT,
COL. CHASE A. STEVENS,
Washington, D. C.

☞ Office of General Agency, No. 498, F Street, Washington, D. C. Office for New-England States.

N. D. MILLER, ... Agent, Madison, Wis.
DANIEL HEADS ..... Agent, Kenosha, Wis.
ALBERT G. WRIGHT ..... Agent, Racine, Wis.

September 6th, 1865.—3t5-6m.

1865 COSTAR'S VERMIN EXTERMINATOR

"15 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Nothing runs to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's,

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator.

Is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also as a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c.

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed Bugs, Tarantulas, Plant, Fowls, Animals, &c.*

☞ Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
!!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy.

HENRY R. COSTAR,

☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Racine, Wis.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The *Farmer's Gazette*, (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants, no less than 650,000 in three years. Now, and so this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 65,000 human beings.

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS SAVE BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a cold-blooded murderer. We should like some of our correspondents to give us the benefit of their experience in driving out these pests. We need something besides dogs, traps and terriers for the business.—*Louisville American.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

"COSTAR'S" RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure—the most perfect Rat destroyer needing we have ever attended. Every Rat that can get it, promptly prepared according to the directions, will kill it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the poison was taken.—*Lake Shore, Mich., Mirror.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

HOUSEKEEPERS troubled with vermin need be so no longer if they use "Co-Tar's" Exterminator. We have used it to our satisfaction; and in a box cost 45, we would have it. We have tried potions, but they effected nothing; but "Costar's" article causes the death-rattle of Rats, Mice, Roaches, and all Bed-Bugs quicker than we can tell it. It is crowding all else out of the country.—*Medina, Ohio, Gazette.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

A VOICE FROM THE FAR WEST.—Speaking of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator—more grain and provisions are saved annually in Grant county by vermin than would pay the cost of this Rat and Insect Killer.—*Lancaster, Wis., Herald.*

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

FARMERS AND HOUSEKEEPERS—bear in mind that hundreds of dollars' worth of Grain, Provisions, &c., are annually destroyed by Rats, Mice, Ants, and other insects and vermin, all of which can be prevented for a few dollars' worth of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, Ant, &c., Exterminator, bought and used freely.

☞ See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

☞ Sold in Racine, Wisconsin, by all Druggists and Dealers.

New Advertisement

G. THELEN,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

6th and Wisconsin Streets,

OLD STAND OF

THELEN & DIETRICH,

Is now receiving his

FALL & WINTER

STOCK OF

DRY GOODS.

Consisting of all kinds of

Domestics,

Dress Goods,

Cloaks, and

Hoop Skirts.

ALSO,

GROCERIES,

Of the choicest qualities; &c., &c., &c.

FARMER'S PRODUCE

Will be taken in exchange for Goods at the

Highest Market Price.

G. THELEN.

Racine, May 26, 1865.

Opening of the Baker House.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS RECENTLY purchased the lease of that large and commodious Hotel, on Main street, Racine, known as the

Baker House,

and has furnished it anew, and fitted it up as a first class Hotel. He is now prepared to entertain guests, and can offer every comfort and convenience to those who may favor him with their custom. The Baker House is in the central part of the city, and the omnibus will convey passengers to and from the railroads.

Racine, Nov 28, 1864. WM. TABOR.

ORANGES, LEMONS, FIGS AND MAPLE SUGAR, &c. CLOUGH & JEWETT'S

BEAUTIFUL WHITE WINTER Wheat Flour from Missouri etc. of a refined price. CLOUGH & JEWETT'S

PAINTS & OILS

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

145 Main Street, Racine.

LANGLOIS & ROBILLIARD

HAVE A FULL and complete assortment of

White Lead,

French and American WHITE ZINC,

Linseed, Boiled, Whale, Elephant, Sperm Straits, Machine, Neat, Neats foot and Rectocene

OILS,

Turpenitne, Camphene

ALCOHOL, BURNING FLUID,

VARNISHES AND JAPAN

A full and complete stock of

Colors, Dry and Ground in Oil, Artists Colors and Materials, Diamonds Gold Leaf, Smalts and all

Other Articles Belonging to the Trade.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN

Window, Plate and Looking Glasses,

of all sizes.

BRUSHES

of every description. A large and splendid stock

Wall Paners, Borders,

Decorations, Gilt and Common Window Shades, Figured and Plain Curtain Paper, Tassels, Cornices, and Curtain Bands.

Fluid and Kerosene Lamps and Lanterns

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Manilla and Tarred Ropes, all sizes, Canvass, Oakum, Pitch, Tar, Coal Tar, Rosin, Blocks, &c., &c.

Bedcords, Clothes Lines, Brooms, Twines, all qualities, Wrapping Twines in bundles or barrels, Bell and Sash Cords, Wool Twines, Cotton clothline and Gilling Twines, &c.

We would call particular attention of the trade to our stock, as we at all times have the largest and best assortment of goods in the city.

Called and see at

No. 145 Main Street, Racine, Wisconsin.

PAINTING,

Glazing, and Paper Hanging attended to on short notice.

DISSOLUTION.

KELLEY & MURRAY HAVING PURCHASED the interest of L. Taylor in the late firm of

"Taylor, Murray & Co.,"

Will continue the

LUMBER BUSINESS

at the old stand, where a general assortment of

Lumber, Lath, Shingles and Posts,

will be kept constantly on hand and for sale at the lower prices.

KELLEY & MURRAY.

JAS. H. KELLEY, GEORGE MURRAY. Racine April 10 1865. apr8-tf

SOMETHING NEW.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—We call your attention to the

LINNEEUS-HYATT VINE PLANT.

This Vine is attracting the attention of the American people, as an article of commerce as well as for domestic use, and is likely soon to supersede the most kinds of grapes now or derived from Europe now in use. Directions for cultivation and for the making of the wine with each plant of the plants. The last time for planting is in fall or the spring. Shipping of plants commences on the 15th of September, at the following rates:

6 one year plants (bulbs very fine)	$ 1 50
12 " "	3 00
25 " "	4 50
50 " "	15 00
100 " "	25 00

Please send your orders early so as to secure plants in time. Agents wanted in every town.

ALSO,

FOR FALL DELIVERY,

The Following Grape Roots,

VERY FINE ONE YEAR OLD.

12 Delaware, very strong	$3.00
12 Diana " "	3.00
12 Pabloa " "	3.00
12 Union Village " "	3.00
12 Concord, " "	2.00
12 Norton's Virginia " "	3.00

Address A. HORNEMAN, Dayton, Montgomery Co., O., Letter Box 61. 38 2m.

LARIGO & CO'S RACINE

Business College,

Located in Titus Block,

RACINE, WISCONSIN

FACULTY.

C. F. LARIGO—(Who competent Assistants)—Instructor in Book Keeping and Commercial Sciences.
E. S. BARTLETT—RESIDENT PRINCIPAL—Instructor in Business, Spencerian and Ornamental Penmanship.

This institution is connected with Larigo's Milwaukee Mercantile College, which has been in active operation for the last 10 years.

The design of the College is to impart in young men a sound, practical and modern business education.

The Branches Taught are:

Book Keeping, Commercial Law, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Correspondence, the principles of English Composition, &c., in the most self-satisfactory manner.

FEES PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Life Scholarship in Book Keeping, with business Calculations, Correspondence, Lectures, Penmanship	$40
Ladies Life Scholarship	25
Disabled Soldiers	25
Penmanship, 20 Lessons	5
Time unlimited	10
Phonography, Life Scholarship	20

☞ Apply for Circulars and Catalogues.

Address, LARIGO & BARTLETT, Racine, Aug. 30, 1865.—3t7t. Racine, Wis.

Special Notice!

REMOVAL

To Those Buying Goods

FOR MEN'S WEAR

I have removed my stock to

☞ No. 144, MAIN STREET, ☜

(SNERDHAM'S OLD STAND,)

Where I propose to furnish my stock, and hereafter, sell you goods at fair prices. Respectfully,

Racine, July 27, 1865.—3t4t JNO. D. JONES

GORTON, ROWLEY & BRO.

HAVING SUCCEEDED TO THE

Washington Market

AS SUCCESSORS TO

GORTON'S LOVELL.

WISH TO INFORM ALL THE PEOPLE of Racine who love to eat the best of

FRESH MEATS

in their season, that their experience enabled them to furnish the choicest selection which can be found anywhere. They will endeavor to maintain the reputation of the

WASHINGTON MARKET,

and give their patrons the fullest satisfaction in

Cuts and Prices

at all times. They have a well ventilated

ICE HOUSE

in their market, in which their meats are always kept sweet and cool.

Hams, Dried Meat, Pickled Tongues and Sausages

always on hand. Orders promptly filled and delivered to any part of the city, free of charge.

JAMES GORTON, MARK ROWLEY, JOSEPH ROWLEY.

June 14, 1865.

F. G. VERHEIN,

LaCROSSE HOUSE

3d WARD, No. 207,

MILWAUKEE.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S FEMALE REGULATING PILLS

Will immedi

BURLINGTON
Woolen Factory.

Terms for Manufacturing and Dressing Cloth, Coloring, Carding Rolls, &c.

FOR MANUFACTURING CASSIMERE or fulled cloth, 35 to 40c per yard; white flannel, yard wide, 37½c; mixed and common colors, 45c; madder, red, scarlet or plaids, 50. We give, on shares, one-half the cassimere, fulled cloth, colored or plaid flannel, or three-fifths of the white flannel that the wool will make. One pound of washed wool in the fleece will make three-fourths of a yards of cassimere or fulled cloth, or one yard of yard-wide flannel. Discount, one-third on unwashed wool.

For carding rolls, 10c per pound; for oiling, 2c per pound; for cleansing wool, 3c per pound for the weight before it is cleansed. For rolling, scouring and pressing home made cloth, 20c; with shearing, 25c, and with glossing or napping 30c. For finishing complete, and coloring or napping 50c. For carding and spinning 50c per pounding, 35 to 40c.

Freight.

Wool can be made into rolls will be taken from the depot and returned without charge. Wool to be manufactured may be sent by railroad (not by express) from any part of Wisconsin, Illinois or Iowa, and will pay all freight charges, and return by express, the return charges to be paid by the customer.

Packing and Directions.

Put the wool in strong sacking, not in old cotton sheets. If you wish it all to reach us be sure and put your directions on the inside of the sack, with your name and post office to send the cloth. Write by mail, and there will be no trouble in receiving your goods in season.

Remarks.

We are determined to maintain the good reputation of the Factory as lined under the management of Mr. Calton, the former proprietor. We will make none but pure wool, serviceable goods; do just as we agree with all persons, and never, under any circumstances, refuse to receive and make any error that may be made in business, and intend to make it for the interest of farmers to patronize us.

LAWTON & PERKINS.

Burlington, Wis., April, 1865. may10-4m

BOOTS AND SHOES

JOHN BECK

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the citizens of Racine and vicinity, that he has just received his

WINTER STOCK

OF

Ladies, Misses and Children's

BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS,

Balmorals, Slippers.

Also, every kind of

BOOTS & SHOES.

For Men and Boy's wear.

CUSTOM WORK

of every description on hand and made to order on the shortest notice.

REPAIRING

done with neatness and dispatch, at the

Racine Boot and Shoe Store.

No. 52 Main Street,

one door north of Union Hall, Racine, Wisconsin.

November 28, 1864.

FURNITURE.

M. SPIECH,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

CABINET AND FURNITURE WARE,

On Sixth Street,

a few doors West of the Baptist Church, is prepared to sell

Furniture

of all kinds, as cheap as can be purchased elsewhere in the city.

Gilt, Rosewood and Oval Frames

FOR

PICTURES AND PHOTOGRAPHS.

Ready Made Coffins always on hand, or made to order. We have a good supply of Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings for Picture Frames. Persons having pictures to frame will do well to give me a call.

Racine, May 6, 1865.

PHENIX
Fire Insurance Company

OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

Cash Capital $500,000 00
Total Assets 822,212 20

Assets $722,212 20

Policies issued and losses promptly adjusted by D. M. DONALD, Agent, at his office, 20 story Masonic Building, Main street, Racine.

STATE OF WISCONSIN---CIRCUIT Court for the County of Racine---DAVID W. SEAGER, plaintiff, against Almira Stuart, defendant. Summons for Relief.

[United States Revenue Stamp, 50 cts. cancelled.]

The State of Wisconsin to the above named Defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city and county of Racine, in said state, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Said complaint is filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at his office in the city of Racine, in said county of Racine in said state, this 31st day of May, 1865.

Witness, the Hon. David Noggle, Judge of the First Judicial Circuit of the State of Wisconsin, at the city of Racine, this 31st day of May, A. D. 1865.

S. H. JOY, Pltf's Att'y.

June 7 6w

COUNTY COURT, RACINE COUNTY. In Probate. In the matter of the estate of EDWARD MAHER, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of John Mack, representing among other things, that Edward Maher, late of the town of Mt. Pleasant, in the County of Racine, in State of Wisconsin, deceased, lately died intestate, leaving real and personal property situated in said County and praying that said petitioner be appointed administrator of the estate of said deceased. It is ordered, that said petition be heard before the Judge of this Court,

On Monday, the 7th day of August,

A. D. 1865, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at the office of said Judge in the city of Racine in said County. And it further ordered, that notice of said application and hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the "Racine Journal," a weekly newspaper printed and published at said city of Racine.

Dated, July 7th, 1865.

By the Court,

July 12 3 JOHN B. ADAMS, County Judge.

SENNETT & McCLELLAN

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law

Nos. 1 & 2 Second Floor, Masonic Building

(OVER THE POST OFFICE,)

Racine.....Wisconsin

C. F. SENNETT. J. J. McCLELLAN.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, Penn. Diseases of the Nervous System, Secret Diseases or Seminal Weakness, Impotency and other affections of the Sexual Organs, Physical Debility and Premature Decay, new and reliable remedies, recently discovered by the Howard Association, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Penn.

NOTICE TO

Wounded and Sick Soldiers.

ALL THOSE RESIDING IN THE vicinity of Racine and Walworth wishing to apply for the pensions, will call for examination at my office corner Main and Ninth Streets, Racine.

P. H. HOY, Examining Surgeon,
For the Counties of Racine and Walworth

Racine, Jan. 14, 1865.

DRIVER & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Moulding

of all sizes, Siding, Flooring, Somerset Broom Handles &c. &c.

FURNISH CARPENTERS, SHOP, or on job, and occupied by him in the Town of Mt. Pleasant, on the 16th day of August, 1865.

ONE DARK RED COW,

large size, high [illegible] and bag going calle. Supposed to be her Greenaside.

Mt. Pleasant, Aug. 22, '65. [35-3t] J. M. TITUS Ag.

A STRAPPING FINE QUALITY OF [illegible] for sale at very [illegible]

CLOUGH & JEWETT.

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation Bitters are so universally used and have such an immense sale, is that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality, although the prices have so largely advanced," &c.

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The receipt is published around each bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size.—At least twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprung up. They impose upon the people once and that is the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Government Hospitals, are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

* * * Thou will send me (by) bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use.

Thy Friend,

ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

REV. J. S. CATHOUN, Rochester, N. Y."

* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.

SKYES, CHADWICK & Co.,
Proprietors Willard's Hotel,
Washington, D. C.

* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers Home,
Cincinnati, O."

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O.

* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and the urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.

C. C. MOORE, 254 Broadway."

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Nov 24, 1863.

DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe pro-trating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York, who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wine-glass full after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished to find the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could keep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being.—My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.

Respectfully,

JUDITH RUSSEL."

If the ladies of America but knew what thousands of them are constantly relating to us, we candidly believe one half of the weakness, prostration and distress experienced by them would vanish. James Marsh, Esq., of 59 West 14th St. N. Y., says, "the have three children, the first two are weak and puny, his wife having been unable to nurse or attend them, but that she has taken Plantation Bitters for the last two years, and has a child now eighteen months old which she has nursed and reared herself and both are hearty, saucy and well. The article is invaluable to mothers," &c.

Such evidence might be continued for a volume. The best evidence is to try them and they speak for themselves. Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, &c., will find speedy relief through these Bitters.

They are now sold by all respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe. Be sure each bottle has our private United States Stamp over the top, and take none other. We do not sell it in any other way, any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon is an imposter, and should be immediately reported to us. Beware of *refilled* bottles; examine and see that the stamp has not been mutilated.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
21 Park Row, N. Y.
D. S. BARNES, New York.

WM. HALL & SON,

543 BROADWAY, - - NEW YORK,

Agents for the Celebrated

Driggs New Patent

PIANO FORTES

WHICH ARE CREATING THE greatest sensation in the musical world, and have received the highest testimonials from all the leading artists in the country, among whom are

THALBERG, WM. MASON,
L. M. GOTTSCHALK, F. H. BROWN,
WM. HENRY FRY, THEO. FISCHELD,
M. STRAKOSH, MAX MARETZEK,
HERMAN A WOLLENHAUPT.

Having purchased the agency of **George A. Prince & Co.'s Melodeons, Automatic and School Organs,** from their late agent, Mr. Charles E. Bassett, will be pleased to receive orders for those celebrated instruments, and will always endeavor to keep a sufficient supply on hand to fill all orders at short notice. The most liberal discounts given to the Trade, Churches, Clergymen and Schools. All Instruments

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS,

Manufacturers and Importers of

Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Guitars, Violin Strings, Accordeons,

and all kinds of BRASS and other MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Special attention paid to furnishing BRASS INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS.

PUBLISHERS OF SHEET MUSIC.

Just published, **"The Verbite,"** a new collection of Chants for the Episcopal Service, for opening and closing Voluntaries, Musical Societies, Choirs, and for the social Circle, by VIRGIL C. TAYLOR. Price—Boards, $5 00; Cloth, $1.00.

In press, and will soon be issued, BASSINI'S TWENTY MELODIC EXERCISES, for the study of the proper art of singing, by CARLO BASSINI, author of Randall's Art of Singing. Also

PIANO-FORTE CALISTHENICS,

A collection of FIVE FINGER CORD and SCALE PASSAGES, for specially developing the muscles of the fingers, and acquiring that degree of flexibility, independence and vibrability, which are so indispensable to a good performance on the

PIANO-FORTE,

By FRANCIS H. BROWN.

Music sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the marked price.

WILLIAM HALL & SON,
543 Broadway, New York.

June——

J. C. LUKES,

DENTIST,

OFFICE RACINE HOUSE BLOCK.

Residence corner Eighth and Wisconsin streets, directly east of the German Catholic Church.

DENTISTRY

in all its branches, in the best manner, and on reasonable terms. sep16-1y

THE NEW YORK
MANUFACTURING JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION

Capital - - $2,500,000.

GREAT ENTERPRISE GOLD SALE!

AT THE

GOLD JEWELRY BAZARR,

33, 85, 87 & 89, MADISON St.,

(Corner of Dearborn,)

CHICAGO, ILL.

EVERY ARTICLE WARRANTED

GOLD!

No Brass, nor So-Called Plated Jewelry Included.

The largest Stock ever offered in the West, of

FINE PIANOS,

GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,

RICH SILVER WARE,

GOLD JEWELRY,

OPERA GLASSES,

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, &c.

ALL of which will be sold at the one average price of $2.00 each without regard to value, and not to be sold for mill, you see what you are to receive! The least article to be sold in this Sale for Two Dollars,

Is Worth from $6 to $10,

At the usual Retail Prices, and the articles range as high as

Gold Watches & Pianos,

WORTH FROM $150 to $1000 EACH!

We will give whenever preferred in exchange for the smallest Article sold for two Dollars in this sale, a Splendid Heavy Plated, Richly Engraved

Silver Butter Dish or Castor

Valued at $10, or a Beautiful

50 Picture Photograph Album,

Worth Six Dollars.

So you see the very lowest Articles you can get are worth from six to ten dollars, while there is a possibility to get any of the valuable articles, for a Silver Cake Basket or Tea Set, or a $1,000 Grand Piano for only two dollars.—On this novel

One Price Gold Plan

By purchasing direct from the Manufacturer's Association instead of paying profits four times only go to retailers, jobbers, &c.

WE PLAY ADOPTED

is the one price system of advertising, recently organized, and becoming so very popular everywhere—as follows:

SEALED ADVERTISEMENTS,

Of all the articles are well mixed and given regardless of choice to customers. The customer buy five very valuable Recipes, worth many dollars each; and a collection of popular songs for twenty-five cents, and on opening a sealed advertisement given him gets a description of the article for sale, at $2 and its value, and it is then at our option to send $2 and take it or not; you may thus seem fortunate as to purchase a watch or Piano or any other article in the stock for two dollars and cannot get less than $5 to worth in usual prices. Sealed advertisements called with Recipes and sources free. **25 Cts. for Package, $1 for 5, $2 for 11, $5 for 30, $10 for 63, $5 for 100.**

Address: C. M. DUNN, Actuary,

Gold Jewelry Bazaar,

33, 85, 87, 89, Madison St. Corner Dearborn,

CHICAGO, ILL.

May 22, 1865.—6m.

WILCOX & GIBBS
SILENT
SEWING MACHIN

WILL STITCH, HEM, FELL, TUCK, Cord, Bind, Braid, Quilt and Embroider beautifully. It will, with the finest needle and thread, run from perfect work on the finest Nainsook, over the heaviest seven ply cloth and cordide, with no CHANGE of needle, thread or tension. It will use coarse cotton, linen, silk, and twine. It runs easier, faster and stiller than any other machine. It forms a flat, even and elastic seam, different from every other stitch, each loop being TWISTED by means of

THE ROTATING HOOK,

in drawing the threads into the goods, thus securely fastening every stitch, so that the seam will hear to be cut in regular intervals, and in that case even, the seam will NOT TO RIP in wear, and under all circumstances CANNOT TEAR the material. Cord, worn out Quilts, garments, skirts, dresses, &c., have been successfully Committed at FAIRS where was the greatest competition, and to THIS STITCH premiums have been awarded for its SUPERIORITY, DURABILITY, ELASTICITY and BEAUTY.

A Patented device prevents the possibility of the machine being run in the wrong direction, or the seams ever wearing or touching the dress.

THE NEEDLE CANNOT BE SET WRONG,

Thus avoiding the great trouble of other machines.

NO BREAKING OF NEEDLES,

The blade of the needle is less than three fourths of an inch long, and is slender.

The Hemmer and Feller Can Never be Set Wrong.

Any one may adjust them in ten min. The hemmer will any width. No other hemmer or feller is like theirs. Turns the hem on the right or under side as you wish.

IT WILL NOT DROP STITCHES. As the needle always set right, the blade shaft and straight, does not chafe, like longer ones.

It runs by steam at **3000** stitches per minute, other machines at only 400 to 1,200, with safety. They are

Manufactured with Mathematical Precision,

hence each one is interchangeable and can be readily replaced in case of accident. The machine cannot be out of order, hence will not get out of order. It will last a generation, if properly cared for. None who have use Wilcox & Gibbs need be imposed to use another.

The roundness, evenness, durability and beauty of its stitch

WERE NEVER EQUALED.

ITS RAPIDITY, ABSOLUTE STILLNESS, EASE OF MOTION, narrowness and neatness of its seam and FELL WORK NEVER APPROACHED by any other machine. We can satisfy any boy or girl from 12 to 20 years old with three minutes' instruction they will set the needle, attach the hemmer, or feller, and do the work with entire success.

The press universally pronounce this the BEST FAMILY SEWING Machine in the world. Whatever the merits of other machines, it is no disparagement to say the Wilcox & Gibbs is worth, for family use, double that of any other machine offered to the public.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute—the first premium for

"THE BEST SEWING MACHIGE,"

at the great New England Fair—the Vermont State Fair—the Pennsylvania State Fair—the Indiana State Fair—and 31 other First Premiums at the meetings of Mechanical and Scientific Societies all over the world, are among its trophies in 1864.

IT IS NOW THE GREAT LEADING FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

Price of Machines, with hemmer, feller, gauge, oil can, extra needles, full directions, &c., from $50 to $150.

Harmon's Self-Sewer,

FOR ALL SEWING MACHINES, guides the work itself, avoids the tout pinsers, and strain on the eyes. Price, $1.50. Large Discount to Agents.

We take other machines in exchange. We sell Dictionary, Silk, Twist and Needles for every kind of sewing machine.

AGENTS WANTED.—Terms to agents, descriptive circulars and specimens of work sent free by mail, on receipt of stamp, or load of

L. CORNELL & CO., Gen'l Ag'ts,
June21-6m-1y 183 Lake St., Chicago, Ill

The Great Indian Beverage.

E. DEXTER LOVERIDGE'S

WAHOO BITTERS.

TAKEN BY EVERYBODY

AND SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALER THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE A COMBination of Nature's Great Restoratives; they are entirely Vegetable, being compounded from different Roots, Barks and Herbs, under strict chemical analysis, these Bitters remove the unnatural debility of the Stomach, bring it to a natural and healthy action, and when the Stomach is right the whole man is right.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE AN

ALTERATIVE, DIURETIC AND STOMACH TONIC.

They act direct upon the Liver, Purifying the Blood, giving a healthy glow to the Skin. They cure

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy Asthma, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache,

Warm and Strengthen the Bowels, are a preventative of Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholic, Cholera Morbus, Chills, Intermittent Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. The Spirits used to preserve the Bitters is a PURE RYE WHISKEY distilled to Copper, under my direction and personal attention, and is the only Spirits recommended by the Medical Faculty for its medicinal qualities.

Put up only by myself, the inventor and Patentee.

CAUTION!—None genuine unless **E. W. D. 1863—E. Dexter Loveridge, Wahoo Bitters,** is blown in the Bottle, and bearing a label on following: THE GREAT INDIAN BEVERAGE, LOVERIDGE'S CELEBRATED WAHOO BITTERS.

E DEXTER LOVERIDGE,
June 23 6 3 m BUFFALO, N. Y.

BRADLEY'S SUPERX SHIRTS JUST received by S. F. WEBER.

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

CHAPTER 414.

AN ACT to extend the right of suffrage.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. The right of voting is hereby extended to male persons of African blood, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years or upwards, with the same qualifications and restrictions now imposed upon other voters in section one of article on suffrage, in the constitution.

SEC. 2. This act, before it takes effect, shall be submitted to the people, at a general election, to be held on the Tuesday next succeeding the first Monday of November, 1865, when, if such majority of votes as is required by the constitution, be cast for it, it shall be of force and effect under the requirements hereinafter prescribed; but if such majority be not cast for it, it shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 3. The ballot to be used on this occasion, shall be for the affirmative, "for extension of suffrage," for the negative, "for the extension of suffrage, no," which shall be on the general ballot used at the said election, and deposited in the same box; and all persons qualified by law to vote at any election in this State, shall be deemed voters on this question.

SEC. 4. These votes shall be counted and returned by the inspectors of the election, in all respects as votes for state officers are counted and returned.

SEC. 5. The officers now designated by law to canvass the returns of votes for state officers, shall canvass the return on this question, at the same place and under the same regulations and restrictions now provided by law for canvassing and declaring the returns of elections for state officers.

SEC. 6. Within three days after the determination of such canvass, it shall be the duty of the canvassers to certify the result of the said canvass to the governor, who shall, thereupon, without delay, make proclamation of the result, and publish the same, daily and weekly, for two weeks, in all newspapers printed in the state; when, if the result shall be in favor of the extension of suffrage, his act shall, immediately after such publication, be of force and effect; but if not in favor of it, then this act shall have no force or effect.

SEC. 7. This act, immediately after its passage, shall be published, and at least three months previously to said general election, the secretary of state shall send, or cause to be sent, a correct copy of it to every newspaper in the state, which newspaper, upon the publication of the same, shall be entitled to pay for the same out of the state treasury, at the rates paid for other legal advertising.

Approved April 10, 1865.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, MADISON, July 18, 1865.

The publisher of each paper in this state, will please publish the above act once each week for three months prior to the next general election, and send his bill to this office for payment.

LUCIUS FAIRCHILD,
July 26, 1865—4m. Secretary of State.

Gray's Patent Molded COLLARS

THE unexampled rapidity with which the public appreciated the great value of this invention has induced others to imitate our boxes and labels so as to enable them to sell their inferior goods for the Molded COLLAR. The genuine GRAY'S COLLAR is designed by two names only, "NOVELTY," for the turn-down, and "ECKEX," for the stand-up style; they are put up in blue boxes, and manufactured by the **American Molded Collar Company,** of Boston, who have adopted the above words as their TRADE MARKS. This is the original and only patented collar molded to fit the neck, and with the space for the cravat in the turn-down style.

Consumers will also notice on R. PRIVATE TRADE-MARK on each genuine box of Gray's Collars, (see facsimile on back of this advertisement,) and the words "Gray's Pat. Molded Collar," with date of patents on each genuine collar.

Hatch, Johnson, & Co.,

Importers of Men's Furnishing Goods, 81 Devonshire Street, Boston, and 37 Warren st., New York, Selling Agents A. M. C. Co.

The Trade supplied at Boston prices by

BRADFORD BRO'S,

DRY GOODS JOBBERS,

No. 355 & 357 East Water St.,

MILWAUKEE.

ALSO BY

CLARK, WHITEHOUSE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Jobbers in

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Buck, kid, Flesher Gloves, Gauntlets &c.,

62 Lake Street, Corner of State,

CHICAGO.

September 6th, 1865—3m.

Largest and Cheapest

Furniture Wareroom

IN RACIN .

FRED. IBING, MANUFACTURER, No. 145 Main street, near the Racine and Mississippi Railroad depot. No Eastern work. Furniture to suit buyers—Mahogany, Cherry, O. A and Black Walnut. We invite the public to call and examine our stock.

Extra Tetes, Sofas,

Centre Tables, Lounges,

Card Tables, Ottomans,

Secretaries, Book Cases,

Wardrobes, Bureaus,

Chamber Setts, Looking Glasses, &c

Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings

FOR PICTURE FRAMES.

Oval Frames for Portraits & Photographs

He is the agent in this city of Fisk & Crane's air tight and adjustable

Metallic Burial Cases.

These preserve the body from decomposition and prevent the emission of offensive odor, and are the most suitable thing for the purpose that has ever been invented.

Walnut and Cherry Polished Coffins,

on hand or made to order at the shortest notice.

August 20, 1862. FRED. IBING.

SCHUMACHER & RITCHIE.

No. 128 Main Street, Racine,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

TOBACCO, CIGARS AND LIQUORS.

We keep on hand the best and choicest stock of

CHEWING TOBACCO,

PLUG AND FINE CUT,

Pipes & Smokers Articles

In great varieties, and as fine an assortment of

LIQUORS,

and Imported

RHEIN WINES,

as ever brought to this market.

GIVE US A CALL.

F. SCHUMACHER. [may4] S. RITCHIE.

Goodrich's Lakes Michigan and Superior Line of Steamers.

Daily Line between Milwaukee and Chicago & between Chicago & Two Rivers.

THE SPLENDID SIDE WHEEL Steamers COMET and MAY FLOWER, will form a daily line between Chicago and Two Rivers. On and after this date one of the above Steamers will leave Goodrich' landing, foot of Main Street, for Chicago, Racine and Kenosha, every evening, (Saturdays excepted) at 8 o'clock, and for Two Rivers and all intermediate points every evening, (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock. For freight or passage apply to H. S. DAVIS, Agent, Office foot of Main Street.

Leave Racine for Chicago every night, (Saturdays excepted) at 10 o'clock, and for Milwaukee every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at 3 o'clock.

A. P. DUTTON, Agent,
Office at the Outside Warehouse.

June 18, 1864.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE A COMPLETE Restorative of Nature's Great Restoratives; they are entirely Vegetable, being compounded from different Roots, Barks and Herbs, under strict chemical analysis, these Bitters remove the unnatural debility of the Stomach, bring it to a natural and healthy action, and when the Stomach is right the whole man is right.

THE WAHOO BITTERS ARE AN

ALTERATIVE, DIURETIC AND STOMACH TONIC.

They act direct upon the Liver, Purifying the Blood, giving a healthy glow to the Skin. They cure

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy Asthma, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache,

Warm and Strengthen the Bowels, are a preventative of Dysentery, Summer Complaints, Cholic, Cholera Morbus, Chills, Intermittent Fever, Fever and Ague, &c. The Spirits used to preserve the Bitters is a PURE RYE WHISKEY distilled to Copper, under my direction and personal attention, and is the only Spirits recommended by the Medical Faculty for its medicinal qualities.

Put up only by myself, the inventor and Patentee.

CAUTION!—None genuine unless **E. W. D. 1863—E. Dexter Loveridge, Wahoo Bitters,** is blown in the Bottle, and bearing a label on following: THE GREAT INDIAN BEVERAGE, LOVERIDGE'S CELEBRATED WAHOO BITTERS.

E DEXTER LOVERIDGE,
June 23 6 3 m BUFFALO, N. Y.

The United States

TELEGRAPH CO.

HAVE GOT THEIR LINES IN FULL communication with

All Parts of the U. S. and Canadas,

and are prepared to send dispatches with greater celerity and correctness than any other line. They have recently opened an

OFFICE IN RACINE,

IN THE JOURNAL BUILDING,

No. 145 Main Street,

with a competent operator in charge. The public, and business men in particular, will find it to their interest to patronize this line, which is acquiring a wide-spread popularity among the mercantile men of the country.

Office hours from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.

April 1864.

BANK NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT all the counterfeited circulating notes of the Commercial Bank of Racine must be presented at the office of the Bank Comptroller at Madison, within three (3) years from the date of this notice, or the funds deposited for the redemption of said circulating notes will be given up to those entitled to the same.

Sept. 30th, 1862.

WM. H. SARRY, Bank Comptroller.

J. B. ROWLEY'S
Insurance Agency.

Capital Represented, $9,000,000.

Fire Insurance Companies.

New England—Assets,	$244,078
North American—Assets,	697,837
Home, New Haven—Assets	659,070
Charter Oak—Assets,	360,000
Columbia—Assets,	559,000

Life Insurance Company.

Connecticut Mutual—Assets,	$7,000,000

The above Companies issue policies on as favorable terms as other responsible companies. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Life Insurance.

Persons desiring Life Insurance, are invited to investigate the standing and plan of the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL before making an application elsewhere, as by so doing they may save nearly half their money.

J. B. ROWLEY, Agent.

L. JANES, Solicitor.

☞ Office at J. Humphrey's Clothing Store, Main St., Racine. may24

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

PIANO FORTES!

MANUFACTURERS,

499 Broadway, New York

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC and the trade is invited to our

NEW SCALE

SEVEN OCTAVE ROSEWOOD

PIANO FORTES,

WHICH FOR

Volume and Purity of Tone,

are unrivalled by any Hitherto offered in this market. They contain all the modern improvements,

French, Grand Action, Mary Pedal, Iron Frame, Over-Strung Bass, &c.

and each instrument being made under the personal supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVESTEEN, who has had practical experience of over thirty years in their manufacture, is

Fully Warranted in Every Particular.

The "Grovesteen Piano Forte" received the Highest Award of Merit over all others at the celebrated

WORLD'S FAIR,

where were exhibited instruments from the best makers of London, Paris, Germany, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston and New York; and also at the

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FOR

Five Successive Years,

where the gold and silver medals from both of which can be seen at our warerooms. By the introduction of improvements we make a still more

Perfect Piano Forte

and by manufacturing largely, with a strictly cash system, are enabled to offer these instruments at a price that will preclude all competition.

PRICES:

No. 1, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood plain case, $250.
No. 2, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood heavy moulding, $275.
No. 3, Seven Octave, round corners, Rosewood Louis XIV. style $300.

Terms: Net Cash, in Current Funds.

☞ Descriptive Circulars sent free. july27-1y

THE PETROLEUM

COOKING STOVE,

For all Kinds of Cooking, Heating Flat or Sad Irons, &c., without heating the room, and

WITHOUT COAL OR WOOD.

BY THIS GREAT INVENTION WE are enabled with

Two Cents' worth of Oil or 'Naptha,'

to do all the cooking ordinarily required for a meal in a family of six or eight, and with the greatest dispatch and effect cheaviness, and a great saving of time. These Stoves can be heated as well in a few moments. They are perfectly safe, do not get out of order, and can be managed by any one; are portable; can be used in any part of the house, as they make

No Dirt, Need no Pipe,

and will not heat a room. Therefore no Stove has been constructed where the amount of heat could be instantly controlled and regulated to any degree desired. This, in

Baking, Broiling, Boiling, &c.,

is especially one of the features of the PETROLEUM COOK STOVE.

COME AND SEE IT.

☞ The Ladies are invited to examine this Stove.

Now on exhibition at the Rooms in the rear of Bank of Racine.

All orders promptly attended to by addressing

GEO. S. WRIGHT, Agent.

Racine, May 24, 1865.

TITUS BLOCK,

RACINE, WIS.

RAYMOND & JONES,

Wholesale & Retail Dealers

IN

SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE:

Iron & Steel,

NAILS & STOVES.

Manufacturers of

Japanned, Tin, Copper And Sheet Iron Ware.

FARMING TOOLS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS!

THE LARGEST

AND

Best Assorted Stock

OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES

In the Market,

Which will be Sold Cheap for Cash!

Our Facilities for JOBBING and REPAIRING are Unsurpassed!

H. RAYMOND,
May29tf THOS. JONES.

GREEN TEAS JUST RECEIVED AT R. F. WEBER.

STOVES, TIN,

AND

HARDWARE

THE SUBSCRIBER WISHES TO call the attention of the people of this city and county to his large and well selected assortment of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

SUCH AS

STOVES, of all kinds, TIN & COPPER WARE, of every variety, of his own Manufacture.

He wishes to call particular attention to the new stove,

The "Moving World"

better adapted for saving fuel and doing all kinds of cooking than the "Stewart," or any other cooking stove in the market.

All kinds of

Harvesting & Farming Tools,

NAILS, CUTLERY,

and everything in the Ironware line. STOVE PIPES, EAVE TROUGHS, ROOFING, and

All Kinds of Jobbing

executed with promptness and dispatch. PAPER RAGS, OLD COPPER, BRASS &c. taken in exchange for goods.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a call before purchasing elsewhere.

N. R. McFARLAND.

Racine, June 16, 1865. tf

ST. CATHARINA'S

FEMALE ACADEMY,

RACINE, WIS.

THE SISTERS OF THE ORDER OF St. Dominic, well known in this and the adjoining states as experienced and competent Directors of Female Education, respectfully announce to the citizens of Racine, and the public in general, that this academy will be open for the reception of pupils on the 1st of November, 1864.

Pupils of every religious denomination will be admitted, and no undue influence will be used to bias the religious principles of the young ladies; nor will any of them be permitted to embrace the Catholic faith, without the certified written consent of the parents or guardians. Uniformity and good order, however, require the attendance of all at Morning and Evening Prayers, and the religious exercises on Sunday.

COURSE OF STUDIES.

Orthography, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Ancient and Modern Geography, Composition, Sacred and Profane History, Natural Philosophy, Book Keeping, Astronomy, Algebra, Plants, Guitar, and Vocal Music, Drawing, Painting in Oil and Water Colors, Plain and Ornamental Needle Work.

For further particulars, application may be made to the Superior of the Academy.

All letters to be addressed to the Superior St. Catharina's Academy, O. P. Dominic, Racine, Wisconsin.

Send for circular.

M. BENEDICTA, Superior, O. P. Dominic.

PRURIGO LOTIO.

The great Itch and Humor Killer of the 19th Century!

This *new preparation* possesses most *wonderful* properties, and is

A SURE CURE

For every species of the ITCH, PRURIGO ITCH, BARBER'S ITCH, WARAS, SCRATCHES, ITLING SKIN, CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORMS, &c.

The PRURIGO LOTIO is a *new and certain cure* for all kinds of Itch, and being a fluid preparation it is free from all the gummy, disagreeable qualities of the ointments in general use.

The PRURIGO LOTIO is safe to use under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES; will not irritate the most tender skin, and CONTAINS NO MERCURY. Don't fail to try it. Manufactured by

E. T. & W. T. McFARLAND,
Sole Proprietors, Lafayette, Ind.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

LORD & SMITH, Chicago, Wholesale Agents.

Sold at Wholesale in Chicago by FULLER, FINDLEY & FULLER; CHARLES S. SMITH; HURLBURT & VAN SCHAACK; W. D. HARRIS & CO.; SMITH & DWYER; J. H. REED & CO., and H. SCOVIL.

Sold by KIDDER & HARRIS and D. STONE, Racine jun11-6m

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS opportunity to return his old friends and the public generally, that he has removed his Shoe Shop across the way from his old stand, and is now opening of the

LARGEST AND BEST STOCKS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

that was ever opened in Racine. His stock is all made under his supervision, and he can warrant it to give

PERFECT SATISFATION.

Every variety of Shoes

LADIES, CHILDREN,

Misses and Boys,

as well as a very large stock of

BOOTS FOR GENTLEMEN,

can be found on his shelves. He flatters himself that by having the

Best of Workmen

and using the

BEST OF STOCK,

he can make work that

CANNOT BE BEAT

in this city.

Repairing done on Short Notice, and at a Reasonable Price.

☞ Remember the place, at No. 90 Main Street, formerly McCreary & Sons' old stand.

Racine, March 5, 1865. tf B. REICHERT.

CLOUGH & JEWETT HAVE REDUCED their price on Kerosene Oil twenty